

NEWS RELEASE



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THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION – NOVEMBER 2010

The **unemployment rate** edged up to 9.8 percent in November, and **nonfarm payroll employment** was little changed (+39,000), the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Temporary help services and health care continued to add jobs over the month, while employment fell in retail trade. Employment in most major industries changed little in November.

Chart 1. Unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, November 2008 – November 2010

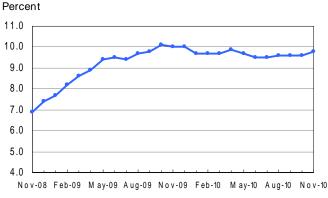
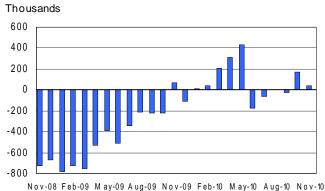


Chart 2. Nonfarm payroll employment over-the-month change, seasonally adjusted, November 2008 – November 2010



Household Survey Data

The number of **unemployed persons** was 15.1 million in November. The **unemployment rate** edged up to 9.8 percent; it was 9.6 percent in each of the prior 3 months. (See table A-1.)

Among the **major worker groups**, the unemployment rates for adult men (10.0 percent), adult women (8.4 percent), whites (8.9 percent), and Hispanics (13.2 percent) edged up in November. The jobless rate for blacks (16.0 percent) showed little change over the month, while the rate for teenagers declined to 24.6 percent. The jobless rate for Asians was 7.6 percent, not seasonally adjusted. (See tables A-1, A-2, and A-3.)

Among the unemployed, the number of **job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs** rose by 390,000 to 9.5 million in November. The number of **long-term unemployed** (those jobless for 27 weeks and over) was little changed at 6.3 million and accounted for 41.9 percent of the unemployed. (See tables A-11 and A-12.)

The civilian labor force participation rate held at 64.5 percent in November, and the employment-population ratio was essentially unchanged at 58.2 percent. (See table A-1.)

The number of persons employed **part time for economic reasons** (sometimes referred to as involuntary part-time workers) was little changed over the month at 9.0 million. These individuals were working part time because their hours had been cut back or because they were unable to find a full-time job. (See table A-8.)

About 2.5 million persons were **marginally attached to the labor force** in November, up from 2.3 million a year earlier. (The data are not seasonally adjusted.) These individuals were not in the labor force, wanted and were available for work, and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months. They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. (See table A-16.)

Among the marginally attached, there were 1.3 million **discouraged workers** in November, an increase of 421,000 from a year earlier. (The data are not seasonally adjusted.) Discouraged workers are persons not currently looking for work because they believe no jobs are available for them. The remaining 1.2 million persons marginally attached to the labor force had not searched for work in the 4 weeks preceding the survey for reasons such as school attendance or family responsibilities. (See table A-16.)

Establishment Survey Data

Total **nonfarm payroll employment** changed little in November (+39,000). Job gains continued in temporary help services and in health care, while employment fell in retail trade. Since December 2009, total payroll employment has increased by an average of 86,000 per month. (See table B-1.)

Within professional and business services, employment in **temporary help services** continued to increase in November (+40,000) and has risen by 494,000 since September 2009.

Health care continued to add jobs over the month, with a gain of 19,000. Much of the increase occurred in hospitals (+8,000).

Employment in **mining** continued to trend up over the month. Support activities for mining added 6,000 jobs in November and has added 74,000 jobs since October 2009.

Retail trade employment fell by 28,000 in November. Job losses occurred in department stores (-9,000) and in furniture and home furnishings stores (-5,000).

Employment in **manufacturing** was little changed over the month (-13,000). Following job growth earlier in 2010, employment has been relatively flat, on net, since May. Employment in most other major industries changed little in November.

The **average workweek for all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls held at 34.3 hours in November. The manufacturing workweek for all employees also was unchanged, at 40.3 hours, and factory

overtime remained at 3.1 hours. The average workweek for **production and nonsupervisory employees** on private nonfarm payrolls decreased by 0.1 hour to 33.5 hours. (See tables B-2 and B-7.)

In November, **average hourly earnings of all employees** on private nonfarm payrolls increased by 1 cent to \$22.75. Over the past 12 months, average hourly earnings have increased by 1.6 percent. In November, average hourly earnings of private-sector **production and nonsupervisory employees** were unchanged at \$19.19. (See tables B-3 and B-8.)

The change in total nonfarm payroll employment for September was revised from -41,000 to -24,000, and the change for October was revised from +151,000 to +172,000.

The Employment Situation for December is scheduled to be released on Friday, January 7, 2011, at 8:30 a.m. (EST).

Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Household Survey Data

In accordance with usual practice, The Employment Situation release for December 2010, scheduled for January 7, 2011, will incorporate annual revisions in seasonally adjusted unemployment and other labor force series from the household survey. Seasonally adjusted data for the most recent 5 years are subject to revision.

Upcoming Changes to Establishment Survey Data

Effective with the release of January 2011 data on February 4, 2011, the establishment survey will begin estimating net business birth/death adjustment factors on a quarterly basis, replacing the current practice of estimating the factors annually. This will allow the establishment survey to incorporate information from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages into the birth/death adjustment factors as soon as it becomes available and thereby improve the factors. Additional information on this change is available at www.bls.gov/ces/ces_quarterly_birthdeath.pdf.

Upcoming Changes to Household Survey Data

Effective with the release of January 2011 data on February 4, 2011, two additional data series—"Self-employed workers, unincorporated" and "Self-employed workers, incorporated"—will be added to table A-9. As a result, the format of table A-9 will change. Data on the incorporated self-employed have not previously been published on a regular basis.

Also, in table A-8, the data series currently labeled "Self-employed workers" (one for Agriculture and related industries and one for Nonagricultural industries) will be renamed "Self-employed workers, unincorporated." This is strictly a change in title and not in definition; the data shown will not be affected. This change is being made to clarify that these data only include persons operating unincorporated businesses. A similar title change will be made to one data series in table A-14.

In addition, a change affecting data collected on unemployment duration will be introduced in the household survey in January 2011. Presently, the Current Population Survey can record unemployment durations of up to 2 years. Starting with data collected for January 2011, respondents will be able to report unemployment durations of up to 5 years. This change will likely affect one data series in this news release: the average (mean) duration of unemployment, which is found in table A-12. The change does not affect the estimate of total unemployment or other data series on duration of unemployment. Additional information is available at www.bls.gov/cps/duration.htm.

Beginning with data for January 2011, occupation estimates in table A-13 will reflect the introduction of the 2010 Census occupation classification system into the household survey. This occupation classification system is derived from the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification system. Historical data will not be revised.

Summary table A. Household data, seasonally adjusted [Numbers in thousands]

Category	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Change from: Oct. 2010- Nov. 2010
Employment status					
Civilian noninstitutional population	236,743	238,322	238,530	238,715	185
Civilian labor force	153,720	154,158	153,904	154,007	103
Participation rate	64.9	64.7	64.5	64.5	0.0
Employed	138,381	139,391	139,061	138,888	-173
Employment-population ratio	58.5	58.5	58.3	58.2	-0.1
Unemployed	15,340	14,767	14,843	15,119	276
Unemployment rate	10.0	9.6	9.6	9.8	0.2
Not in labor force	83,022	84,164	84,626	84,708	82
Unemployment rates					
Total, 16 years and over	10.0	9.6	9.6	9.8	0.2
Adult men (20 years and over)	10.4	9.8	9.7	10.0	
Adult women (20 years and over)	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.4	
Teenagers (16 to 19 years)	26.8	26.0	27.1	24.6	-2.5
White	9.3	8.7	8.8	8.9	0.1
Black or African American	15.6	16.1	15.7	16.0	0.3
Asian (not seasonally adjusted)	7.3	6.4	7.1	7.6	-
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	12.7	12.4	12.6	13.2	0.6
Total, 25 years and over	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.4	0.2
Less than a high school diploma	15.0	15.4	15.3	15.7	0.4
High school graduates, no college	10.4	10.0	10.1	10.0	-0.1
Some college or associate degree	9.0	9.1	8.5	8.7	0.2
Bachelor's degree and higher	4.9	4.4	4.7	5.1	0.4
Reason for unemployment					
Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs	9,965	9,401	9,108	9,498	390
Job leavers	929	807	854	862	8
Reentrants	3,221	3,436	3,512	3,451	-61
New entrants	1,270	1,187	1,273	1,238	-35
Duration of unemployment					
Less than 5 weeks	2,774	2,891	2,657	2,828	171
5 to 14 weeks	3,517	3,350	3,458	3,359	-99
15 to 26 weeks	3,075	2,336	2,519	2,576	57
27 weeks and over	5,901	6,123	6,206	6,313	107
Employed persons at work part time					
Part time for economic reasons	9,225	9,472	9,154	8,972	-182
Slack work or business conditions	6,684	6,733	6,232	6,038	-194
Could only find part-time work	2,238	2,456	2,572	2,569	-3
Part time for noneconomic reasons	18,354	18,234	18,211	18,365	154
Persons not in the labor force (not seasonally adjusted)					
Marginally attached to the labor force	2,323	2,548	2,602	2,531	_
Discouraged workers	861	1,209	1,219	1,282	_

⁻ Over-the-month changes are not displayed for not seasonally adjusted data.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

ESTABLISHMENT DATA Summary table B. Establishment data, seasonally adjusted

Category	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
EMPLOYMENT BY SELECTED INDUSTRY				
(Over-the-month change, in thousands) Fotal nonfarm	64	-24	172	39
Total private.	75	112	160	50
Goods-producing.	-33	-10	3	-15
	7	7	11	3
Mining and logging		1		
Construction.	-15	-11	3	-5
Manufacturing	-25	-6	-11	-13
Durable goods ¹	-23	5	-4	-5
Motor vehicles and parts	-4.6	-0.9	1.2	-1.5
Nondurable goods	-2	-11	-7	-8
Private service-providing ¹	108	122	157	65
Wholesale trade	-6.2	4.5	10.0	4.7
Retail trade	8.8	-3.9	13.0	-28.1
Transportation and warehousing	7.2	16.5	0.7	11.6
Information	-12	-7	-1	1
Financial activities.	2	4	Ö	-9
Professional and business services ¹	106	28	50	53
		1		
Temporary help services.	94.7	27.3	34.7	39.5
Education and health services ¹	31	26	64	30
Health care and social assistance	26.1	34.2	39.9	23.1
Leisure and hospitality	-21	38	-10	11
Other services	-6	17	30	-8
Government	-11	-136	12	-11
WOMEN AND PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES AS A PERCENT OF ALL EMPLOYEES ²				
Total nonfarm women employees	49.9	49.6	49.6	49.6
Total private women employees	48.4	48.1	48.1	48.1
Total private production and nonsupervisory employees	82.4	82.4	82.4	82.4
HOURS AND EARNINGS ALL EMPLOYEES				
Total private				
Average weekly hours	33.9	34.2	34.3	34.3
Average hourly earnings	\$ 22.39	\$ 22.68	\$ 22.74	\$ 22.75
Average weekly earnings	\$759.02	\$ 775.66	\$779.98	\$780.33
Index of aggregate weekly hours (2007=100) ³	91.1	92.6	93.0	93.1
Over-the-month percent change.	0.7	-0.2	0.4	0.1
Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2007=100) ⁴	97.2	100.2	100.9	101.0
Over-the-month percent change	0.8	0.0	0.7	0.1
HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION AND NONSUPERVISORY EMPLOYEES	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1
Total private Average weekly hours	33.2	33.5	33.6	33.5
		1		
Average hourly earnings.	\$ 18.80	\$ 19.11	\$ 19.19	\$ 19.19
Average weekly earnings.	\$624.16	\$ 640.19	\$644.78	\$642.87
Index of aggregate weekly hours (2002=100) ³	97.9	99.7	100.1	99.9
	0.7	0.1	0.4	-0.2
Over-the-month percent change	123.0	127.3	128.4	128.1
Over-the-month percent change		0.2	0.9	-0.2
	0.8			
Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2002=100) ⁴	0.8			
Index of aggregate weekly payrolls (2002=100) ⁴ Over-the-month percent change.	0.8 46.8	54.5	58.0	52.0

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries.

³ The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding annual average aggregate hours.

⁴ The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding annual average aggregate weekly payrolls.

⁵ Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

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Frequently Asked Questions about Employment and Unemployment Estimates

Why are there two monthly measures of employment?

The household survey and establishment survey both produce sample-based estimates of employment and both have strengths and limitations. The establishment survey employment series has a smaller margin of error on the measurement of month-to-month change than the household survey because of its much larger sample size. An over-the-month employment change of about 100,000 is statistically significant in the establishment survey, while the threshold for a statistically significant change in the household survey is about 400,000. However, the household survey has a more expansive scope than the establishment survey because it includes the self-employed, unpaid family workers, agricultural workers, and private household workers, who are excluded by the establishment survey. The household survey also provides estimates of employment for demographic groups.

Are undocumented immigrants counted in the surveys?

It is likely that both surveys include at least some undocumented immigrants. However, neither the establishment nor the household survey is designed to identify the legal status of workers. Therefore, it is not possible to determine how many are counted in either survey. The establishment survey does not collect data on the legal status of workers. The household survey does include questions which identify the foreign and native born, but it does not include questions about the legal status of the foreign born.

Why does the establishment survey have revisions?

The establishment survey revises published estimates to improve its data series by incorporating additional information that was not available at the time of the initial publication of the estimates. The establishment survey revises its initial monthly estimates twice, in the immediately succeeding 2 months, to incorporate additional sample receipts from respondents in the survey and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. For more information on the monthly revisions, please visit www.bls.gov/ces/cesrevinfo.htm.

On an annual basis, the establishment survey incorporates a benchmark revision that re-anchors estimates to nearly complete employment counts available from unemployment insurance tax records. The benchmark helps to control for sampling and modeling errors in the estimates. For more information on the annual benchmark revision, please visit www.bls.gov/web/cesbmart.htm.

Does the establishment survey sample include small firms?

Yes; about 40 percent of the establishment survey sample is comprised of business establishments with fewer than 20 employees. The establishment survey sample is designed to maximize the reliability of the total nonfarm employment estimate; firms from all size classes and industries are appropriately sampled to achieve that goal.

Does the establishment survey account for employment from new businesses?

Yes; monthly establishment survey estimates include an adjustment to account for the net employment change generated by business births and deaths. The adjustment comes from an econometric model that forecasts the monthly net jobs impact of business births and deaths based on the actual past values of the net impact that can be observed with a lag from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The establishment survey uses modeling rather than sampling for this purpose because the survey is not

immediately able to bring new businesses into the sample. There is an unavoidable lag between the birth of a new firm and its appearance on the sampling frame and availability for selection. BLS adds new businesses to the survey twice a year.

Is the count of unemployed persons limited to just those people receiving unemployment insurance benefits?

No; the estimate of unemployment is based on a monthly sample survey of households. All persons who are without jobs and are actively seeking and available to work are included among the unemployed. (People on temporary layoff are included even if they do not actively seek work.) There is no requirement or question relating to unemployment insurance benefits in the monthly survey.

Does the official unemployment rate exclude people who have stopped looking for work?

Yes; however, there are separate estimates of persons outside the labor force who want a job, including those who have stopped looking because they believe no jobs are available (discouraged workers). In addition, alternative measures of labor underutilization (some of which include discouraged workers and other groups not officially counted as unemployed) are published each month in The Employment Situation news release.

Technical Note

This news release presents statistics from two major surveys, the Current Population Survey (household survey) and the Current Employment Statistics survey (establishment survey). The household survey provides information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment that appears in the "A" tables, marked HOUSEHOLD DATA. It is a sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

The establishment survey provides information on employment, hours, and earnings of employees on nonfarm payrolls; the data appear in the "B" tables, marked ESTABLISHMENT DATA. BLS collects these data each month from the payroll records of a sample of nonagricultural business establishments. The sample includes about 140,000 businesses and government agencies representing approximately 410,000 worksites and is drawn from a sampling frame of roughly 8.9 million unemployment insurance tax accounts. The active sample includes approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll employees.

For both surveys, the data for a given month relate to a particular week or pay period. In the household survey, the reference period is generally the calendar week that contains the 12th day of the month. In the establishment survey, the reference period is the pay period including the 12th, which may or may not correspond directly to the calendar week.

Coverage, definitions, and differences between surveys

Household survey. The sample is selected to reflect the entire civilian noninstitutional population. Based on responses to a series of questions on work and job search activities, each person 16 years and over in a sample household is classified as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force.

People are classified as *employed* if they did any work at all as paid employees during the reference week; worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm; or worked without pay at least 15 hours in a family business or farm. People are also counted as employed if they were temporarily absent from their jobs because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management disputes, or personal reasons.

People are classified as *unemployed* if they meet all of the following criteria: they had no employment during the reference week; they were available for work at that time; and they made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons laid off from a job and expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The unemployment data derived from the household survey in no way depend upon the eligibility for or receipt of unemployment insurance benefits.

The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. Those not classified as employed or unemployed are *not in the labor force*. The *unemployment rate* is the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The *labor force participation rate* is the labor force as a percent of the population, and the *employment-population ratio* is the employed as a percent of the population. Additional information about the household survey can be found at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

Establishment survey. The sample establishments are drawn from private nonfarm businesses such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as from federal, state, and local government entities. *Employees on nonfarm payrolls* are those who received pay for any part of the reference pay period, including persons on paid leave. Persons are counted in each job they hold. *Hours and earnings* data are produced for the private sector for all employees and for production and nonsupervisory employees are defined as production and related employees in manufacturing and mining and logging, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in private service-providing industries.

Industries are classified on the basis of an establishment's principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System. Additional information about the establishment survey can be found at www.bls.gov/ces/#technical.

Differences in employment estimates. The numerous conceptual and methodological differences between the household and establishment surveys result in important distinctions in the employment estimates derived from the surveys. Among these are:

- The household survey includes agricultural workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, and private household workers among the employed. These groups are excluded from the establishment survey.
- The household survey includes people on unpaid leave among the employed. The establishment survey does not.
- The household survey is limited to workers 16 years of age and older. The establishment survey is not limited by age.
- The household survey has no duplication of individuals, because individuals are counted only once, even if they hold more than one job. In the establishment survey, employees working at more than one job and thus appearing on more than one payroll are counted separately for each appearance.

Seasonal adjustment

Over the course of a year, the size of the nation's labor force and the levels of employment and unemployment undergo regularly occurring fluctuations. These events may result from seasonal changes in weather, major holidays, and the opening and closing of schools. The effect of such seasonal variation can be very large.

Because these seasonal events follow a more or less regular pattern each year, their influence on the level of a series can be tempered by adjusting for regular seasonal adjustments These make nonseasonal developments, such as declines in employment or increases in the participation of women in the labor force, easier to spot. For example, in the household survey, the large number of youth entering the labor force each June is likely to obscure any other changes that have taken place relative to May, making it difficult to determine if the level of economic activity has risen or declined. Similarly, in the establishment survey, payroll employment in education declines by about 20 percent at the end of the spring term and later rises with the start of the fall term, obscuring the underlying employment trends in the industry. Because seasonal employment changes at the end and beginning of the school year can be estimated, the statistics can be adjusted to make underlying employment patterns more discernable. The seasonally adjusted figures provide a more useful tool with which to analyze changes in monthto-month economic activity.

Many seasonally adjusted series are independently adjusted in both the household and establishment surveys. However, the adjusted series for many major estimates, such as total payroll employment, employment in most major sectors, total employment, and unemployment are computed by aggregating independently adjusted component series. For example, total unemployment is derived by summing the adjusted series for four major age-sex components; this differs from the unemployment estimate that would be obtained by directly adjusting the total or by combining the duration, reasons, or more detailed age categories.

For both the household and establishment surveys, a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology is used in which new seasonal factors are calculated each month using all relevant data, up to and including the data for the current month. In the household survey, new seasonal factors are used to adjust only the current month's data. In the establishment survey, however, new seasonal factors are used each month to adjust the three most recent monthly estimates. The prior 2 months are routinely revised to incorporate additional sample reports and recalculated seasonal adjustment factors. In both surveys, 5-year revisions to historical data are made once a year.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the household and establishment surveys are subject to both sampling and nonsampling

error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

For example, the confidence interval for the monthly change in total nonfarm employment from the establishment survey is on the order of plus or minus 100,000. Suppose the estimate of nonfarm employment increases by 50,000 from one month to the next. The 90percent confidence interval on the monthly change would range from -50,000 to +150,000 (50,000 +/- 100,000). These figures do not mean that the sample results are off by these magnitudes, but rather that there is about a 90-percent chance that the "true" over-the-month change lies within this interval. Since this range includes values of less than zero, we could not say with confidence that nonfarm employment had, in fact, increased that month. If, however, the reported nonfarm employment rise was 250,000, then all of the values within the 90-percent confidence interval would be greater than zero. In this case, it is likely (at least a 90-percent chance) that nonfarm employment had, in fact, risen that month. At an unemployment rate of around 5.5 percent, the 90-percent confidence interval for the monthly change in unemployment as measured by the household survey is about +/- 280,000, and for the monthly change in the unemployment rate it is about +/- 0.19 percentage point.

In general, estimates involving many individuals or establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates which are based on a small number of observations. The precision of estimates also is improved when the data are cumulated over time, such as for quarterly and annual averages.

The household and establishment surveys are also affected by *nonsampling error*, which can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For example, in the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns; for this reason, these estimates are labeled preliminary in the tables. It is only after two successive revisions to a monthly estimate, when nearly all sample reports have been received, that the estimate is considered final.

Another major source of nonsampling error in the establishment survey is the inability to capture, on a timely basis, employment generated by new firms. To correct for this systematic underestimation of employment growth, an estimation procedure with two components is used to

account for business births. The first component excludes employment losses from business deaths from sample-based estimation in order to offset the missing employment gains from business births. This is incorporated into the sample-based estimation procedure by simply not reflecting sample units going out of business, but imputing to them the same employment trend as the other firms in the sample. This procedure accounts for most of the net birth/death employment.

The second component is an ARIMA time series model designed to estimate the residual net birth/death employment not accounted for by the imputation. The historical time series used to create and test the ARIMA model was derived from the unemployment insurance universe micro-level database, and reflects the actual residual net of births and deaths over the past 5 years.

The sample-based estimates from the establishment survey are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to

universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision, and serves as a rough proxy for total survey error. The new benchmarks also incorporate changes in the classification of industries. Over the past decade, absolute benchmark revisions for total nonfarm employment have averaged 0.3 percent, with a range from -0.7 to 0.6 percent.

Other information

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table A-1. Employment status of the civilian population by sex and age [Numbers in thousands]

[rearrisons in thousands]	Not se	easonally adj	usted			Seasonally	/ adjusted ¹		
Employment status, sex, and age	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010
TOTAL									
Civilian noninstitutional population	236,743	238,530	238,715	236,743	237,890	238,099	238,322	238,530	238,715
Civilian labor force	153,539	153,652	153,698	153,720	153,560	154,110	154,158	153,904	154,007
Participation rate	64.9	64.4	64.4	64.9	64.6	64.7	64.7	64.5	64.5
Employed	139,132	139,749	139,415	138,381	138,960	139,250	139,391	139,061	138,888
Employment-population ratio	58.8	58.6	58.4	58.5	58.4	58.5	58.5	58.3	58.2
Unemployed	14,407	13,903	14,282	15,340	14,599	14,860	14,767	14,843	15,119
Unemployment rate	9.4	9.0	9.3	10.0	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.8
Not in labor force	83,204	84,878	85,017	83,022	84,330	83,989	84,164	84,626	84,708
Persons who currently want a job	5,618	5,867	5,832	6,043	5,886	5,972	6,202	6,255	6,218
Men, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	114,632	115,542	115,640	114,632	115,207	115,317	115,433	115,542	115,640
Civilian labor force	81,612	81,675	81,651	81,964	81,962	82,299	82,187	81,969	82,030
Participation rate	71.2	70.7	70.6	71.5	71.1	71.4	71.2	70.9	70.9
Employed	73,107	73,970	73,540	72,794	73,454	73,608	73,581	73,454	73,329
Employment-population ratio	63.8	64.0	63.6	63.5	63.8	63.8	63.7	63.6	63.4
Unemployed	8,505	7,705	8,111	9,171	8,507	8,691	8,606	8,514	8,701
Unemployment rate	10.4	9.4	9.9	11.2	10.4	10.6	10.5	10.4	10.6
Not in labor force	33,019	33,867	33,988	32,667	33,245	33,017	33,247	33,574	33,610
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	106,018	107,007	107,114	106,018	106,641	106,761	106,887	107,007	107,114
Civilian labor force	78,723	78,859	78,822	78,901	78,971	79,332	79,307	78,989	79,029
Participation rate	74.3	73.7	73.6	74.4	74.1	74.3	74.2	73.8	73.8
Employed	71,112	71,960	71,471	70,662	71,332	71,521	71,545	71,363	71,129
Employment-population ratio	67.1	67.2	66.7	66.7	66.9	67.0	66.9	66.7	66.4
Unemployed	7,611	6,899	7,352	8,239	7,638	7,811	7,762	7,626	7,900
Unemployment rate	9.7	8.7	9.3	10.4	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.7	10.0
Not in labor force	27,295	28,147	28,291	27,117	27,671	27,429	27,581	28,018	28,085
Women, 16 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	122,111	122,988	123,075	122,111	122,683	122,783	122,889	122,988	123,075
Civilian labor force	71,927	71,977	72,046	71,756	71,598	71,811	71,971	71,935	71,977
Participation rate	58.9	58.5	58.5	58.8	58.4	58.5	58.6	58.5	58.5
Employed	66,024	65,779	65,875	65,587	65,506	65,642	65,811	65,607	65,559
Employment-population ratio	54.1	53.5	53.5	53.7	53.4	53.5	53.6	53.3	53.3
Unemployed	5,902	6,198	6,171	6,169	6,092	6,169	6,161	6,329	6,418
Unemployment rate	8.2	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.8	8.9
Not in labor force	50,184	51,011	51,029	50,355	51,085	50,972	50,918	51,053	51,098
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian noninstitutional population	113,737	114,704	114,801	113,737	114,372	114,481	114,596	114,704	114,801
Civilian labor force	69,049	69,131	69,374	68,742	68,747	68,844	69,091	69,003	69,158
Participation rate	60.7	60.3	60.4	60.4	60.1	60.1	60.3	60.2	60.2
Employed	63,787	63,645	63,779	63,269	63,314	63,356	63,586	63,386	63,370
Employment-population ratio	56.1	55.5	55.6	55.6	55.4	55.3	55.5	55.3	55.2
Unemployed.	5,262	5,487	5,595	5,473	5,433	5,488	5,505	5,617	5,788
Unemployment rate	7.6 44,688	7.9 45,573	8.1 45,427	8.0 44,994	7.9 45,625	8.0 45,637	8.0 45,505	8.1 45,701	8.4 45,643
	44,000	45,575	45,427	44,334	45,025	45,057	45,505	45,701	45,045
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	10.000	10.040	10.000	10.000	10.077	10.057	10.000	10.040	10.000
Civilian labor force	16,988	16,819	16,800	16,988	16,877	16,857	16,839	16,819	16,800
Civilian labor force	5,767	5,661	5,501	6,077	5,843	5,934	5,760	5,912	5,821
Participation rate	33.9	33.7	32.7	35.8	34.6	35.2	34.2	35.2	34.6
Employed Employment-population ratio	4,233 24.9	4,144 24.6	4,165 24.8	4,450 26.2	4,315 25.6	4,373 25.9	4,261 25.3	4,312 25.6	4,389 26.1
Unemployed	1,534	1,517	1,335	1,627	1,528	1,561	1,500	1,600	1,432
Unemployment rate	26.6	26.8	24.3	26.8	26.1	26.3	26.0	27.1	24.6
Not in labor force	11,221	11,158	11,299	10,911	11,034	10,923	11,079	10,907	10,979
	,== '	,	,	. 0,0 . 1	,	. 0,020	1.,5.0	. 0,007	. 5,5.0

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	easonally adj	usted			Seasonally	/ adjusted1		
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010
WHITE									
Civilian noninstitutional population	191,516	192,527	192,641	191,516	192,109	192,245	192,391	192,527	192,641
Civilian labor force	125,170	124,749	124,735	125,258	125,060	125,362	125,404	124,907	124,833
Participation rate	65.4	64.8	64.7	65.4	65.1	65.2	65.2	64.9	64.8
Employed	114,403	114,588	114,254	113,669	114,300	114,470	114,500	113,974	113,673
Employment-population ratio	59.7	59.5	59.3	59.4	59.5	59.5	59.5	59.2	59.0
Unemployed	10,767	10,161	10,481	11,589	10,760	10,893	10,904	10,933	11,160
Unemployment rate	8.6	8.1	8.4	9.3	8.6	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9
Not in labor force	66,346	67,778	67,907	66,258	67,049	66,883	66,987	67,620	67,808
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	65,286	65,066	65,074	65,387	65,412	65,590	65,583	65,203	65,104
Participation rate	74.9	74.1	74.1	75.0	74.7	74.9	74.8	74.3	74.1
Employed	59,438	59,872	59,492	58,996	59,662	59,738	59,755	59,431	59,102
Employment-population ratio	68.2	68.2	67.7	67.7	68.2	68.2	68.1	67.7	67.3
Unemployed	5,848	5,194	5,583	6,390	5,750	5,852	5,829	5,771	6,002
Unemployment rate	9.0	8.0	8.6	9.8	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.2
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	55,165	55,076	55,155	54,908	54,818	54,848	55,011	54,829	54,946
Participation rate	60.4	59.9	60.0	60.1	59.8	59.8	59.9	59.6	59.7
Employed	51,334	51,185	51,195	50,852	50,943	50,979	51,062	50,819	50,791
Employment-population ratio	56.2	55.7	55.7	55.6	55.5	55.5	55.6	55.3	55.2
Unemployed	3,831	3,891	3,960	4,056	3,875	3,869	3,949	4,010	4,156
Unemployment rate	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.6
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	4,719	4,607	4,506	4,963	4,830	4,924	4,810	4,875	4,783
Participation rate	36.3	35.9	35.2	38.2	37.5	38.3	37.5	38.0	37.3
Employed	3,631	3,531	3,568	3,820	3,695	3,752	3,683	3,723	3,781
Employment-population ratio	28.0	27.5	27.9	29.4	28.7	29.2	28.7	29.0	29.5
Unemployed	1,088	1,076	938	1,142	1,135	1,172	1,127	1,152	1,002
Unemployment rate	23.0	23.4	20.8	23.0	23.5	23.8	23.4	23.6	20.9
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	28,404	28,831	28,865	28,404	28,718	28,755	28,794	28,831	28,865
Civilian labor force	17,606	17,913	17,979	17,660	17,651	17,879	17,754	17,936	18,031
Participation rate	62.0	62.1	62.3	62.2	61.5	62.2	61.7	62.2	62.5
Employed	14,938	15,199	15,206	14,904	14,896	14,967	14,895	15,122	15,149
Employment-population ratio	52.6	52.7	52.7	52.5	51.9	52.0	51.7	52.4	52.5
Unemployed	2,667	2,715	2,772	2,757	2,755	2,911	2,860	2,814	2,882
Unemployment rate	15.2	15.2	15.4	15.6	15.6	16.3	16.1	15.7	16.0
Not in labor force	10,798	10,918	10,886	10,744	11,067	10,877	11,040	10,895	10,834
Men, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	7,911	8,076	8,084	7,915	8,004	8,082	8,064	8,073	8,101
Participation rate	69.0	69.0	69.0	69.0	68.8	69.4	69.1	69.0	69.1
Employed	6,637	6,837	6,815	6,584	6,667	6,687	6,645	6,760	6,752
Employment-population ratio	57.9	58.5	58.2	57.4	57.3	57.4	56.9	57.8	57.6
Unemployed	1,274	1,239	1,269	1,331	1,337	1,395	1,419	1,313	1,349
Unemployment rate	16.1	15.3	15.7	16.8	16.7	17.3	17.6	16.3	16.7
Women, 20 years and over									
Civilian labor force	8,999	9,158	9,238	9,001	9,005	9,103	9,082	9,168	9,233
Participation rate	63.1	63.2	63.6	63.1	62.4	63.0	62.7	63.3	63.6
Employed	7,942	7,996	8,035	7,946	7,847	7,902	7,940	8,000	8,025
Employment-population ratio	55.7	55.2	55.4	55.7	54.4	54.7	54.9	55.2	55.3
Unemployed	1,057	1,162	1,203	1,055	1,157	1,202	1,143	1,168	1,208
Unemployment rate	11.7	12.7	13.0	11.7	12.9	13.2	12.6	12.7	13.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years									
Civilian labor force	696	680	657	743	643	693	608	695	697
Participation rate	26.0	25.7	24.9	27.8	24.2	26.2	23.0	26.3	26.5
Employed	359	365	356	373	382	379	310	361	373
Employment-population ratio	13.4	13.8	13.5	14.0	14.4	14.3	11.7	13.7	14.2
Unemployed	337	314	301	370	261	314	298	334	324
Unemployment rate	48.4	46.2	45.8	49.8	40.6	45.4	49.0	48.0	46.5
ASIAN									
Civilian noninstitutional population	10,879	11,306	11,376						
Orvinan noningulational population	10,079	11,500	11,376	_	_	_	_	_	_

See footnotes at end of table.

Table A-2. Employment status of the civilian population by race, sex, and age — Continued

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	easonally ad	usted	Seasonally adjusted ¹						
Employment status, race, sex, and age	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	
Civilian labor force	7,080	7,317	7,335	_	-	-	-	-	_	
Participation rate	65.1	64.7	64.5	_	-	_	_	-	_	
Employed	6,566	6,798	6,780	_	-	_	_	-	_	
Employment-population ratio	60.4	60.1	59.6	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Unemployed	514	519	555	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Unemployment rate	7.3	7.1	7.6	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Not in labor force	3,799	3,988	4,041	_	_	_	_	_	_	

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups will not sum to totals shown in table A-1 because data are not presented for all races. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

⁻ Data not available.

Table A-3. Employment status of the Hispanic or Latino population by sex and age

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	justed	Seasonally adjusted ¹						
Employment status, sex, and age	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY										
Civilian noninstitutional population	33,291	34,014	34,102	33,291	33,747	33,836	33,927	34,014	34,102	
Civilian labor force	22,622	22,784	22,958	22,564	22,738	22,729	22,910	22,803	22,912	
Participation rate	68.0	67.0	67.3	67.8	67.4	67.2	67.5	67.0	67.2	
Employed	19,860	20,051	20,042	19,692	19,987	20,002	20,070	19,939	19,896	
Employment-population ratio	59.7	58.9	58.8	59.2	59.2	59.1	59.2	58.6	58.3	
Unemployed	2,762	2,733	2,916	2,872	2,751	2,726	2,840	2,865	3,017	
Unemployment rate	12.2	12.0	12.7	12.7	12.1	12.0	12.4	12.6	13.2	
Not in labor force	10,669	11,230	11,145	10,727	11,009	11,107	11,017	11,211	11,190	
Men, 20 years and over										
Civilian labor force	12,862	12,964	13,000	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Participation rate	83.0	81.8	81.8	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Employed	11,374	11,566	11,454	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Employment-population ratio	73.4	73.0	72.1	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Unemployed	1,488	1,398	1,546	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unemployment rate	11.6	10.8	11.9	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Women, 20 years and over										
Civilian labor force	8,767	8,867	8,999	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Participation rate	59.9	59.5	60.2	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Employed	7,838	7,833	7,916	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Employment-population ratio	53.5	52.5	52.9	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Unemployed	929	1,034	1,083	_	-	_	_	-	_	
Unemployment rate	10.6	11.7	12.0	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years										
Civilian labor force	993	953	959	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Participation rate	31.5	29.3	29.4	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Employed	649	651	672	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Employment-population ratio	20.6	20.0	20.6	_	-	-	-	-	_	
Unemployed	344	301	288	_	-	_	_	-	_	
Unemployment rate	34.7	31.6	30.0	-	-	_	_	-	_	

¹ The population figures are not adjusted for seasonal variation; therefore, identical numbers appear in the unadjusted and seasonally adjusted columns.

⁻ Data not available.

NOTE: Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-4. Employment status of the civilian population 25 years and over by educational attainment

[Numbers in thousands]

Educational attainment Nov. 2009 2010 Nov. 2009 2010 Aug. 2010 20	Nov. 2010 11,807 46.6 9,952 39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021 54.9
Civilian labor force. 11,929 11,519 11,730 12,003 12,048 11,819 11,821 11,800 Participation rate. 46.0 45.9 46.3 46.3 47.3 46.4 46.7 47.0 Employed. 10,207 9,908 9,943 10,202 10,390 10,165 10,001 9,993 Employment-population ratio. 39.4 39.4 39.3 39.3 40.8 39.9 39.5 39.8 Unemployed. 1,722 1,611 1,788 1,802 1,658 1,654 1,820 1,806 Unemployment rate. 14.4 14.0 15.2 15.0 13.8 14.0 15.4 15.3 High school graduates, no college¹ Civilian labor force. 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 </th <th>46.6 9,952 39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021</th>	46.6 9,952 39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021
Participation rate. 46.0 45.9 46.3 46.3 47.3 46.4 46.7 47.0 Employed. 10,207 9,908 9,943 10,202 10,390 10,165 10,001 9,993 Employment-population ratio. 39.4 39.4 39.3 39.3 40.8 39.9 39.5 39.8 Unemployed. 1,722 1,611 1,788 1,802 1,658 1,654 1,820 1,806 Unemployment rate. 14.4 14.0 15.2 15.0 13.8 14.0 15.4 15.3 High school graduates, no college¹ Civilian labor force. 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employment-population rate. 9.9<	46.6 9,952 39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021
Employed. 10,207 9,908 9,943 10,202 10,390 10,165 10,001 9,993 Employment-population ratio. 39.4 39.4 39.3 39.3 40.8 39.9 39.5 39.8 Unemployed. 1,722 1,611 1,788 1,802 1,658 1,654 1,820 1,806 Unemployment rate. 14.4 14.0 15.2 15.0 13.8 14.0 15.4 15.3 High school graduates, no college¹ Civilian labor force. 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2	9,952 39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021
Employment-population ratio. 39.4 39.4 39.3 39.3 40.8 39.9 39.5 39.8 Unemployed. 1,722 1,611 1,788 1,802 1,658 1,654 1,820 1,806 Unemployment rate. 14.4 14.0 15.2 15.0 13.8 14.0 15.4 15.3 High school graduates, no college¹ Civilian labor force. 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree <td>39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021</td>	39.3 1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021
Unemployed	1,855 15.7 37,815 61.1 34,021
Unemployment rate. 14.4 14.0 15.2 15.0 13.8 14.0 15.4 15.3 High school graduates, no college¹ Civilian labor force. 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employment-population ratio. 55.9 55.3 55.2 55.2 55.4 55.6 55.6 55.2 Unemployed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70	37,815 61.1 34,021
High school graduates, no college¹ 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employment-population ratio. 55.9 55.3 55.2 55.2 55.4 55.6 55.6 55.2 Unemployed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. <td< td=""><td>37,815 61.1 34,021</td></td<>	37,815 61.1 34,021
Civilian labor force. 38,013 37,638 37,794 37,759 37,941 38,314 38,116 37,968 Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employment-population ratio. 55.9 55.3 55.2 55.2 55.4 55.6 55.6 55.2 Unemployed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099	61.1 34,021
Participation rate. 62.0 60.9 61.0 61.6 61.6 61.9 61.9 61.4 Employed. 34,249 34,186 34,178 33,851 34,113 34,373 34,289 34,130 Employment-population ratio. 55.9 55.3 55.2 55.2 55.4 55.6 55.6 55.2 Unemployed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	61.1 34,021
Employed	34,021
Employment-population ratio. 55.9 55.3 55.2 55.2 55.4 55.6 55.6 55.2 Unemployed. 3,764 3,452 3,616 3,908 3,829 3,940 3,827 3,838 Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	-
Unemployed	54.9
Unemployment rate. 9.9 9.2 9.6 10.4 10.1 10.3 10.0 10.1 Some college or associate degree Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	
Some college or associate degree 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	3,793
Civilian labor force. 37,228 37,445 37,337 36,946 36,713 37,068 37,037 37,228 Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	10.0
Participation rate. 70.9 70.6 70.4 70.4 70.0 70.5 70.4 70.2 Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	
Employed. 34,099 34,417 34,247 33,629 33,652 33,850 33,684 34,067	37,067
	69.9
Employment-population ratio 65.0 64.9 64.6 64.1 64.1 64.4 64.0 64.2	33,839
	63.8
Unemployed	3,228
Unemployment rate 8.4 8.1 8.3 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.1 8.5	8.7
Bachelor's degree and higher ²	
Civilian labor force	46,328
Participation rate	76.6
Employed	43,959
Employment-population ratio	72.7
Unemployed	2,370
Unemployment rate	5.1

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Includes persons with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.

Table A-5. Employment status of the civilian population 18 years and over by veteran status, period of service, and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	To	tal	M	en	Women		
Employment status, veteran status, and period of service	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	
VETERANS, 18 years and over							
Civilian noninstitutional population	22,037	21,865	20,272	20,072	1,765	1,793	
Civilian labor force	11,847	11,572	10,755	10,468	1,092	1,104	
Participation rate	53.8	52.9	53.1	52.2	61.9	61.6	
Employed	10,840	10,573	9,825	9,543	1,015	1,030	
Employment-population ratio.	49.2	48.4	48.5	47.5	57.5	57.4	
Unemployed	1,008	999	930	924	78	75	
Unemployment rate.	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.8	7.1	6.8	
Not in labor force	10,190	10,293	9,517	9,604	673	689	
	10,190	10,293	3,517	3,004	0/3	009	
Gulf War-era II veterans							
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,060	2,266	1,725	1,915	335	352	
Civilian labor force	1,695	1,893	1,460	1,648	235	245	
Participation rate	82.3	83.5	84.6	86.1	70.2	69.8	
Employed	1,533	1,704	1,316	1,476	217	228	
Employment-population ratio	74.4	75.2	76.3	77.1	64.8	64.8	
Unemployed	162	189	144	171	18	18	
Unemployment rate	9.6	10.0	9.9	10.4	7.6	7.2	
Not in labor force	365	373	265	267	100	106	
Gulf War-era I veterans							
Civilian noninstitutional population	2,872	2,844	2,410	2,418	462	426	
Civilian labor force	2,493	2,488	2,133	2,155	360	332	
Participation rate	86.8	87.5	88.5	89.1	77.8	78.1	
Employed	2,322	2,304	1,990	2,003	332	301	
Employment-population ratio.	80.8	81.0	82.6	82.8	71.8	70.8	
Unemployed	171	183	143	152	28	31	
Unemployment rate.	6.9	7.4	6.7	7.1	7.7	9.3	
Not in labor force	380	356	278	263	102	93	
	300	330	270	203	102	95	
World War II, Korean War, and Vietnam-era veterans Civilian noninstitutional population	11,225	10,872	10,850	10,515	375	357	
Civilian labor force.	4,214	3,865	4,084	3,747	130	118	
Participation rate	37.5	35.5	37.6	35.6	34.6	33.1	
	3,859	3,501	3,740	3,391	118	110	
Employed.						_	
Employment-population ratio	34.4	32.2	34.5	32.2	31.6	30.8	
Unemployed	355	364	344	356	11	8	
Unemployment rate.	8.4 7,011	9.4	8.4	9.5 6,768	8.8 245	7.0 239	
Not in labor force.	7,011	7,007	6,766	0,700	245	239	
Veterans of other service periods	5 070	5 000	5 000	5.005	500	050	
Civilian noninstitutional population	5,879	5,883	5,286	5,225	593	659	
Civilian labor force	3,446	3,326	3,077	2,918	368	408	
Participation rate	58.6	56.5	58.2	55.8	62.1	62.0	
Employed	3,126	3,064	2,779	2,673	348	391	
Employment-population ratio	53.2	52.1	52.6	51.2	58.6	59.3	
Unemployed	319	262	299	245	20	18	
Unemployment rate	9.3	7.9	9.7	8.4	5.6	4.3	
Not in labor force	2,434	2,557	2,209	2,307	225	251	
NONVETERANS, 18 years and over							
Civilian noninstitutional population	205,716	207,753	89,809	90,989	115,907	116,764	
Civilian labor force	139,779	140,294	69,952	70,296	69,827	69,998	
Participation rate	67.9	67.5	77.9	77.3	60.2	59.9	
Employed	126,943	127,474	62,664	63,370	64,279	64,103	
Employment-population ratio	61.7	61.4	69.8	69.6	55.5	54.9	
Unemployed	12,836	12,820	7,288	6,926	5,548	5,894	
Unemployment rate	9.2	9.1	10.4	9.9	7.9	8.4	
Not in labor force	65,937	67,459	19,858	20,693	46,079	46,766	

NOTE: Veterans served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces and were not on active duty at the time of the survey. Nonveterans never served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. Veterans could have served anywhere in the world during these periods of service: Gulf War era II (September 2001-present), Gulf War era I (August 1990-August 2001), Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975), Korean War (July 1950-January 1955), World War II (December 1941-December 1946), and other service periods (all other time periods). Veterans who served in more than one wartime period are classified only in the most recent one. Veterans who served during one of the selected wartime periods and another period are classified only in the wartime period. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-6. Employment status of the civilian population by sex, age, and disability status, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	Persons with	n a disability	Persons with	no disability
Employment status, sex, and age	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010
TOTAL, 16 years and over				
Civilian noninstitutional population	27,031	26,886	209,712	211,829
Civilian labor force	5,802	5,784	147,737	147,914
Participation rate	21.5	21.5	70.4	69.8
Employed	4,983	4,945	134,148	134,470
Employment-population ratio	18.4	18.4	64.0	63.5
Unemployed	819	839	13,588	13,443
Unemployment rate	14.1	14.5	9.2	9.1
Not in labor force	21,229	21,102	61,975	63,916
Men, 16 to 64 years				
Civilian labor force	2,640	2,641	75,221	75,268
Participation rate	36.6	35.9	82.8	82.4
Employed	2,231	2,226	67,341	67,834
Employment-population ratio	31.0	30.2	74.1	74.2
Unemployed	410	415	7,881	7,434
Unemployment rate	15.5	15.7	10.5	9.9
Not in labor force	4,564	4,718	15,627	16,104
Women, 16 to 64 years				
Civilian labor force	2,342	2,338	66,614	66,617
Participation rate	30.6	31.2	71.8	71.2
Employed	2,001	1,976	61,238	61,013
Employment-population ratio	26.1	26.4	66.0	65.2
Unemployed	342	362	5,377	5,604
Unemployment rate	14.6	15.5	8.1	8.4
Not in labor force	5,320	5,157	26,117	26,899
Both sexes, 65 years and over				
Civilian labor force	820	805	5,901	6,029
Participation rate	6.7	6.7	22.6	22.4
Employed	752	743	5,570	5,623
Employment-population ratio	6.2	6.2	21.3	20.9
Unemployed	68	62	331	406
Unemployment rate	8.3	7.7	5.6	6.7
Not in labor force	11,345	11,227	20,231	20,912

NOTE: A person with a disability has at least one of the following conditions: is deaf or has serious difficulty hearing; is blind or has serious difficulty seeing even when wearing glasses; has serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition; has serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs; has difficulty dressing or bathing; or has difficulty doing errands alone such as visiting a doctor's office or shopping because of a physical, mental, or emotional condition. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-7. Employment status of the civilian population by nativity and sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	To	tal	Me	en	Wor	men
Employment status and nativity	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010
Foreign born, 16 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	35,956	36,350	18,005	18,035	17,951	18,315
Civilian labor force	24,350	24,788	14,351	14,403	9,999	10,385
Participation rate	67.7	68.2	79.7	79.9	55.7	56.7
Employed	22,091	22,387	12,964	13,012	9,127	9,375
Employment-population ratio	61.4	61.6	72.0	72.1	50.8	51.2
Unemployed	2,259	2,401	1,387	1,391	872	1,010
Unemployment rate	9.3	9.7	9.7	9.7	8.7	9.7
Not in labor force	11,606	11,562	3,654	3,632	7,952	7,930
Native born, 16 years and over						
Civilian noninstitutional population	200,787	202,365	96,627	97,605	104,160	104,760
Civilian labor force	129,189	128,909	67,261	67,249	61,927	61,661
Participation rate	64.3	63.7	69.6	68.9	59.5	58.9
Employed	117,041	117,029	60,144	60,528	56,897	56,500
Employment-population ratio	58.3	57.8	62.2	62.0	54.6	53.9
Unemployed	12,148	11,881	7,118	6,720	5,030	5,161
Unemployment rate	9.4	9.2	10.6	10.0	8.1	8.4
Not in labor force	71,598	73,455	29,365	30,356	42,233	43,099

NOTE: The foreign born are those residing in the United States who were not U.S. citizens at birth. That is, they were born outside the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam, to parents neither of whom was a U.S. citizen. The native born are persons who were born in the United States or one of its outlying areas such as Puerto Rico or Guam or who were born abroad of at least one parent who was a U.S. citizen. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-8. Employed persons by class of worker and part-time status

[In thousands]

	Not se	asonally ac	djusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Category	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010
CLASS OF WORKER									
Agriculture and related industries	2,039	2,360	2,127	2,086	2,192	2,188	2,154	2,359	2,191
Wage and salary workers	1,281	1,475	1,347	1,331	1,329	1,300	1,291	1,447	1,385
Self-employed workers	740	840	749	752	825	855	799	833	772
Unpaid family workers	18	45	30	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nonagricultural industries	137,093	137,389	137,289	136,357	136,599	136,974	137,243	136,782	136,668
Wage and salary workers	128,049	128,487	128,468	127,160	127,881	128,314	128,429	127,814	127,656
Government	21,466	20,900	20,745	21,233	20,978	20,575	20,928	20,763	20,590
Private industries	106,583	107,587	107,723	105,856	106,869	107,760	107,481	107,053	107,064
Private households	776	562	650	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other industries	105,807	107,025	107,073	105,097	106,270	107,118	106,900	106,433	106,449
Self-employed workers	8,973	8,817	8,727	9,111	8,779	8,678	8,743	8,896	8,849
Unpaid family workers	72	85	93	_	_	_	_	_	_
PERSONS AT WORK PART TIME ¹									
All industries									
Part time for economic reasons ²	8,894	8,408	8,670	9,225	8,529	8,860	9,472	9,154	8,972
Slack work or business conditions	6,524	5,695	5,897	6,684	6,119	6,380	6,733	6,232	6,038
Could only find part-time work	2,132	2,442	2,487	2,238	2,246	2,347	2,456	2,572	2,569
Part time for noneconomic reasons ³	19,208	18,717	19,290	18,354	18,157	18,558	18,234	18,211	18,365
Nonagricultural industries									
Part time for economic reasons ²	8,796	8,279	8,526	9,137	8,386	8,730	9,336	9,047	8,830
Slack work or business conditions	6,446	5,619	5,805	6,616	6,018	6,304	6,640	6,161	5,948
Could only find part-time work	2,124	2,421	2,468	2,241	2,192	2,320	2,431	2,523	2,564
Part time for noneconomic reasons ³	18,871	18,302	18,928	18,066	17,774	18,161	17,891	17,784	17,969

¹ Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the survey reference week and excludes employed persons who were absent from their jobs for the entire week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Refers to those who worked 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for an economic reason such as slack work or unfavorable business conditions, inability to find full-time work, or seasonal declines in demand.

³ Refers to persons who usually work part time for noneconomic reasons such as childcare problems, family or personal obligations, school or training, retirement or Social Security limits on earnings, and other reasons. This excludes persons who usually work full time but worked only 1 to 34 hours during the reference week for reasons such as vacations, holidays, illness, and bad weather.

⁻ Data not available.

Table A-9. Selected employment indicators

[Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	easonally adj	usted	Seasonally adjusted						
Characteristic	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	
AGE AND SEX										
Total, 16 years and over	139,132	139,749	139,415	138,381	138,960	139,250	139,391	139,061	138,888	
16 to 19 years	4,233	4,144	4,165	4,450	4,315	4,373	4,261	4,312	4,389	
16 to 17 years	1,349	1,409	1,369	1,409	1,345	1,402	1,398	1,422	1,440	
18 to 19 years	2,884	2,735	2,796	3,036	2,984	2,975	2,867	2,897	2,966	
20 years and over	134,899	135,605	135,250	133,931	134,646	134,877	135,131	134,749	134,499	
20 to 24 years	12,456	12,723	12,781	12,446	12,670	12,838	12,841	12,781	12,785	
25 years and over	122,443	122,881	122,469	121,539	122,109	122,074	122,267	121,894	121,673	
25 to 54 years	95,033	94,791	94,347	94,318	94,062	94,005	94,067	94,017	93,672	
25 to 34 years	30,072	30,589	30,458	29,793	30,278	30,318	30,315	30,325	30,210	
35 to 44 years	31,209	30,886	30,715	31,031	30,604	30,584	30,514	30,648	30,532	
45 to 54 years	33,753	33,315	33,175	33,494	33,180	33,104	33,238	33,044	32,930	
55 years and over	27,410	28,091	28,122	27,221	28,047	28,069	28,200	27,878	28,001	
	·									
Men, 16 years and over.	73,107	73,970	73,540	72,794	73,454	73,608	73,581	73,454	73,329	
16 to 19 years	1,996	2,010	2,069	2,131	2,122	2,087	2,036	2,091	2,201	
16 to 17 years	619	623	627	673	667	667	660	650	685	
18 to 19 years	1,377	1,387	1,443	1,453	1,472	1,428	1,372	1,441	1,528	
20 years and over	71,112	71,960	71,471	70,662	71,332	71,521	71,545	71,363	71,129	
20 to 24 years	6,291	6,481	6,473	6,301	6,434	6,571	6,536	6,540	6,497	
25 years and over	64,821	65,479	64,998	64,375	64,937	64,952	65,015	64,838	64,591	
25 to 54 years	50,450	50,805	50,304	50,090	50,340	50,321	50,303	50,255	49,957	
25 to 34 years	16,316	16,668	16,491	16,157	16,403	16,478	16,433	16,438	16,331	
35 to 44 years	16,819	16,737	16,652	16,719	16,644	16,601	16,534	16,574	16,541	
45 to 54 years	17,314	17,400	17,162	17,214	17,293	17,242	17,336	17,243	17,085	
55 years and over	14,371	14,675	14,693	14,285	14,597	14,631	14,712	14,583	14,634	
Women, 16 years and over	66,024	65,779	65,875	65,587	65,506	65,642	65,811	65,607	65,559	
16 to 19 years	2,238	2,134	2,096	2,318	2,192	2,286	2,225	2,221	2,189	
16 to 17 years	730	786	742	736	678	735	738	772	755	
18 to 19 years	1,507	1,348	1,354	1,583	1,512	1,547	1,494	1,456	1,437	
20 years and over	63,787	63,645	63,779	63,269	63,314	63,356	63,586	63,386	63,370	
20 to 24 years	6,165	6,242	6,308	6,145	6,236	6,267	6,305	6,241	6,288	
25 years and over	57,622	57,402	57,471	57,164	57,172	57,122	57,252	57,056	57,083	
25 to 54 years	44,583	43,986	44,042	44,229	43,722	43,684	43,765	43,762	43,716	
25 to 34 years	13,755	13,921	13,967	13,637	13,875	13,840	13,883	13,887	13,878	
35 to 44 years	14,389	14,150	14,063	14,312	13,960	13,983	13,980	14,074	13,992	
45 to 54 years	16,439	15,915	16,013	16,280	15,887	15,862	15,902	15,801	15,845	
55 years and over	13,038	13,416	13,429	12,936	13,450	13,438	13,488	13,294	13,367	
MARITAL STATUS										
Married men, spouse present	43,484	43,492	43,296	43,336	43,369	43.433	43,723	43,349	43,127	
Married women, spouse present	35,082	34,642	34,725	34,867	34,304	34,213	34,449	34,555	34,530	
Women who maintain families	8,798	8,959	8,817	_	-	-	-	_	-	
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS	2,. 20	-,	-,							
Full-time workers ¹	111,274	112,342	111,348	110,901	112,076	111,822	111,716	111,592	111,114	
Part-time workers ²	27,858	27,407	28,068	27,400	27,082	27,705	27,636	27,446	27,628	
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS										
Total multiple jobholders	7,222	6,817	6,816	7,060	6,546	6,814	6,684	6,665	6,710	
Percent of total employed	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.1	4.7	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	

¹ Employed full-time workers are persons who usually work 35 hours or more per week.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Employed part-time workers are persons who usually work less than 35 hours per week.

⁻ Data not available.

Table A-10. Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted

	1	Number of	rsons			Unemploy	ment rates		
Characteristic	Nov.	n thousand Oct.	Nov.	Nov.	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	2009	2010	2010	2009	2010	2010	2010	2010	2010
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	15,340	14,843	15,119	10.0	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.8
16 to 19 years	1,627	1,600	1,432	26.8	26.1	26.3	26.0	27.1	24.6
16 to 17 years	569	631	474	28.8	30.4	31.4	30.3	30.7	24.8
18 to 19 years	1,071	950	948	26.1	23.6	23.9	23.1	24.7	24.2
20 years and over	13,712	13,243	13,687	9.3	8.8	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.2
20 to 24 years	2,361	2,297	2,421	15.9	15.6	14.9	14.8	15.2	15.9
25 years and over	11,264	10,937	11,213	8.5	8.1	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.4
25 to 54 years	9,171	8,739	8,995	8.9	8.5	8.5	8.7	8.5	8.8
25 to 34 years	3,436	3,325	3,525	10.3	9.9	9.8	10.0	9.9	10.4
35 to 44 years	2,909	2,623	2,559	8.6	8.0	7.7	8.4	7.9	7.7
45 to 54 years	2,827	2,791	2,911	7.8	7.5	8.1	7.7	7.8	8.1
55 years and over	2,085	2,179	2,197	7.1	6.9	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.3
Men, 16 years and over	9,171	8,514	8,701	11.2	10.4	10.6	10.5	10.4	10.6
16 to 19 years	932	888	801	30.4	29.0	29.7	29.3	29.8	26.7
16 to 17 years	296	340	273	30.5	32.5	33.0	33.5	34.3	28.5
18 to 19 years	638	530	522	30.5	26.7	28.1	26.2	26.9	25.5
20 years and over	8,239	7,626	7,900	10.4	9.7	9.8	9.8	9.7	10.0
20 to 24 years	1,415	1,299	1,441	18.3	18.3	17.3	17.1	16.6	18.2
25 years and over	6,763	6,332	6,430	9.5	8.8	9.1	9.1	8.9	9.1
25 to 54 years	5,562	5,005	5,148	10.0	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.1	9.3
25 to 34 years	2,046	1,912	2,011	11.2	10.7	10.4	10.9	10.4	11.0
35 to 44 years	1,707	1,485	1,418	9.3	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.2	7.9
45 to 54 years	1,809	1,608	1,720	9.5	8.4	9.0	8.6	8.5	9.1
55 years and over	1,201	1,327	1,282	7.8	7.7	8.4	7.9	8.3	8.1
Women, 16 years and over	6,169	6,329	6,418	8.6	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.8	8.9
16 to 19 years	695	712	631	23.1	23.1	22.9	22.8	24.3	22.4
16 to 17 years	274	291	202	27.1	28.2	30.0	27.1	27.4	21.1
18 to 19 years	433	421	426	21.5	20.5	19.5	20.1	22.4	22.9
20 years and over	5,473	5,617	5,788	8.0	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.4
20 to 24 years	946	998	980	13.3	12.7	12.2	12.3	13.8	13.5
25 years and over	4,501	4,605	4,783	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.7
25 to 54 years	3,610	3,734	3,846	7.5	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.9	8.1
25 to 34 years	1,390	1,413	1,514	9.3	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.2	9.8
35 to 44 years	1,202	1,138	1,141	7.7	7.6	7.1	8.1	7.5	7.5
45 to 54 years	1,018	1,182	1,192	5.9	6.5	7.1	6.7	7.0	7.0
55 years and over ¹	859	846	887	6.2	6.9	6.9	6.4	5.9	6.2
MARITAL STATUS									
Married men, spouse present	3,517	3,282	3,264	7.5	6.6	6.8	6.8	7.0	7.0
Married women, spouse present	2,105	2,085	2,127	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.7	5.7	5.8
Women who maintain families ¹	1,131	1,267	1,317	11.4	13.4	13.4	12.9	12.4	13.0
FULL- OR PART-TIME STATUS									
Full-time workers ²	13,699	13,012	13,368	11.0	10.2	10.3	10.4	10.4	10.7
Part-time workers ³	1,626	1,854	1,692	5.6	6.4	6.7	6.1	6.3	5.8

¹ Not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Detail for the seasonally adjusted data shown in this table will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Full-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work full time (35 hours or more per week) or are on layoff from full-time jobs.

³ Part-time workers are unemployed persons who have expressed a desire to work part time (less than 35 hours per week) or are on layoff from part-time jobs.

HOUSEHOLD DATA Table A-11. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment [Numbers in thousands]

	Not se	asonally ad	justed			Seasonally	/ adjusted		
Reason	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	9,130	8,331	8,926	9,965	9,125	9,305	9,401	9,108	9,498
On temporary layoff	1,245	890	1,172	1,548	1,268	1,480	1,349	1,278	1,425
Not on temporary layoff	7,884	7,441	7,754	8,418	7,857	7,825	8,051	7,829	8,073
Permanent job losers	6,515	6,009	6,183	6,920	6,518	6,480	6,589	6,319	6,457
Persons who completed temporary jobs	1,369	1,432	1,571	1,439	1,339	1,345	1,463	1,510	1,616
Job leavers	921	876	852	929	900	874	807	854	862
Reentrants	3,158	3,466	3,348	3,221	3,393	3,411	3,436	3,512	3,451
New entrants	1,198	1,230	1,156	1,270	1,188	1,259	1,187	1,273	1,238
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	63.4	59.9	62.5	64.8	62.5	62.7	63.4	61.8	63.1
On temporary layoff	8.6	6.4	8.2	10.1	8.7	10.0	9.1	8.7	9.5
Not on temporary layoff	54.7	53.5	54.3	54.7	53.8	52.7	54.3	53.1	53.6
Job leavers	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.2	5.9	5.4	5.8	5.7
Reentrants	21.9	24.9	23.4	20.9	23.2	23.0	23.2	23.8	22.9
New entrants	8.3	8.8	8.1	8.3	8.1	8.5	8.0	8.6	8.2
UNEMPLOYED AS A PERCENT OF THE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE									
Job losers and persons who completed									
temporary jobs	5.9	5.4	5.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.1	5.9	6.2
Job leavers	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6
Reentrants	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2
New entrants	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment [Numbers in thousands]

[Numbers in mousands]	Not se	asonally ac	ljusted			Seasonally	y adjusted		
Duration	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED									
Less than 5 weeks	2,583	2,432	2,639	2,774	2,839	2,760	2,891	2,657	2,828
5 to 14 weeks	3,296	3,037	3,152	3,517	3,060	3,635	3,350	3,458	3,359
15 weeks and over	8,528	8,434	8,491	8,976	8,722	8,484	8,458	8,725	8,889
15 to 26 weeks	2,678	2,335	2,233	3,075	2,151	2,235	2,336	2,519	2,576
27 weeks and over	5,849	6,099	6,258	5,901	6,572	6,249	6,123	6,206	6,313
Average (mean) duration, in weeks	29.4	34.9	34.5	28.6	34.2	33.6	33.3	33.9	33.8
Median duration, in weeks	20.2	21.9	21.7	20.2	22.2	19.9	20.4	21.2	21.6
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION									
Less than 5 weeks	17.9	17.5	18.5	18.2	19.4	18.5	19.7	17.9	18.8
5 to 14 weeks	22.9	21.8	22.1	23.0	20.9	24.4	22.8	23.3	22.3
15 weeks and over	59.2	60.7	59.5	58.8	59.7	57.0	57.5	58.8	59.0
15 to 26 weeks	18.6	16.8	15.6	20.1	14.7	15.0	15.9	17.0	17.1
27 weeks and over	40.6	43.9	43.8	38.7	44.9	42.0	41.7	41.8	41.9

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-13. Employed and unemployed persons by occupation, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Emp	loyed	Unem	ployed		loyment tes
Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010
139,132	139,415	14,407	14,282	9.4	9.3
52,263	51,532	2,530	2,525	4.6	4.7
20,721	20,420	1,194	1,191	5.4	5.5
31,543	31,111	1,336	1,334	4.1	4.1
24,364	24,641	2,604	2,810	9.7	10.2
33,281	33,525	3,202	3,232	8.8	8.8
15,428	15,732	1,538	1,515	9.1	8.8
17,853	17,793	1,664	1,717	8.5	8.8
13,194	12,768	2,472	2,274	15.8	15.1
934	956	128	194	12.1	16.9
7,509	6,896	1,897	1,619	20.2	19.0
4,751	4,916	447	461	8.6	8.6
16,030	16,949	2,359	2,263	12.8	11.8
7,644	8,390	1,248	1,169	14.0	12.2
8,385	8,560	1,111	1,094	11.7	11.3
	Nov. 2009 139,132 52,263 20,721 31,543 24,364 33,281 15,428 17,853 13,194 934 7,509 4,751 16,030 7,644	2009 2010 139,132 139,415 52,263 51,532 20,721 20,420 31,543 31,111 24,364 24,641 33,281 33,525 15,428 15,732 17,853 17,793 13,194 12,768 934 956 7,509 6,896 4,751 4,916 16,030 16,949 7,644 8,390	Nov. 2009 Nov. 2010 Nov. 2009 139,132 139,415 14,407 52,263 51,532 2,530 20,721 20,420 1,194 31,543 31,111 1,336 24,364 24,641 2,604 33,281 33,525 3,202 15,428 15,732 1,538 17,853 17,793 1,664 13,194 12,768 2,472 934 956 128 7,509 6,896 1,897 4,751 4,916 447 16,030 16,949 2,359 7,644 8,390 1,248	Nov. 2009 Nov. 2010 Nov. 2009 Nov. 2010 139,132 139,415 14,407 14,282 52,263 51,532 2,530 2,525 20,721 20,420 1,194 1,191 31,543 31,111 1,336 1,334 24,364 24,641 2,604 2,810 33,281 33,525 3,202 3,232 15,428 15,732 1,538 1,515 17,853 17,793 1,664 1,717 13,194 12,768 2,472 2,274 934 956 128 194 7,509 6,896 1,897 1,619 4,751 4,916 447 461 16,030 16,949 2,359 2,263 7,644 8,390 1,248 1,169	Nov. 2009 Nov. 2010 Nov. 2009 Nov. 2010 Nov. 2009 Nov. 2010 Nov. 2009 139,132 139,415 14,407 14,282 9.4 52,263 51,532 2,530 2,525 4.6 20,721 20,420 1,194 1,191 5.4 31,543 31,111 1,336 1,334 4.1 24,364 24,641 2,604 2,810 9.7 33,281 33,525 3,202 3,232 8.8 15,428 15,732 1,538 1,515 9.1 17,853 17,793 1,664 1,717 8.5 13,194 12,768 2,472 2,274 15.8 934 956 128 194 12.1 7,509 6,896 1,897 1,619 20.2 4,751 4,916 447 461 8.6 16,030 16,949 2,359 2,263 12.8 7,644 8,390 1,248 1,169

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-14. Unemployed persons by industry and class of worker, not seasonally adjusted

Industry and class of worker	unem	ber of ployed sons usands)		loyment tes
	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.	Nov.
	2009	2010	2009	2010
Total, 16 years and over¹ Nonagricultural private wage and salary workers. Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction. Construction. Manufacturing. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Wholesale and retail trade. Transportation and utilities. Information.	14,407	14,282	9.4	9.3
	11,688	11,363	9.9	9.5
	96	68	12.0	8.5
	1,780	1,596	19.4	18.8
	1,882	1,526	12.5	9.9
	1,219	991	12.7	10.4
	663	535	12.0	9.1
	1,879	1,883	9.2	9.0
	493	434	8.5	7.6
	243	268	7.6	8.8
Financial activities. Professional and business services. Education and health services. Leisure and hospitality. Other services. Agriculture and related private wage and salary workers. Government workers. Self-employed and unpaid family workers.	619	590	6.7	6.7
	1,514	1,521	10.6	10.6
	1,168	1,298	5.5	5.9
	1,524	1,634	11.9	12.4
	491	545	8.0	8.6
	180	223	12.6	14.5
	748	949	3.4	4.4
	592	591	5.7	5.8

¹ Persons with no previous work experience and persons whose last job was in the U.S. Armed Forces are included in the unemployed total. NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-15. Alternative measures of labor underutilization

[Percent]

	Not se	asonally ad	djusted			Seasonall	y adjusted		
Measure	Nov. 2009	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	July 2010	Aug. 2010	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010	Nov. 2010
U-1 Persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.8
U-2 Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force	5.9	5.4	5.8	6.5	5.9	6.0	6.1	5.9	6.2
U-3 Total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (official unemployment rate)	9.4	9.0	9.3	10.0	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.8
U-4 Total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers	9.9	9.8	10.0	10.5	10.2	10.3	10.3	10.4	10.6
U-5 Total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other persons marginally attached to the labor force, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force	10.7	10.6	10.8	11.3	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.1	11.3
U-6 Total unemployed, plus all persons marginally attached to the labor force, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all persons marginally attached to the labor									
force	16.4	15.9	16.3	17.2	16.5	16.7	17.1	17.0	17.0

NOTE: Persons marginally attached to the labor force are those who currently are neither working nor looking for work but indicate that they want and are available for a job and have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, have given a job-market related reason for not currently looking for work. Persons employed part time for economic reasons are those who want and are available for full-time work but have had to settle for a part-time schedule. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

Table A-16. Persons not in the labor force and multiple jobholders by sex, not seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

	То	tal	Me	en	Wor	men
Category	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010	Nov. 2009	Nov. 2010
NOT IN THE LABOR FORCE						
Total not in the labor force	83,204	85,017	33,019	33,988	50,184	51,029
Persons who currently want a job	5,618	5,832	2,671	2,823	2,947	3,010
Marginally attached to the labor force ¹	2,323	2,531	1,242	1,399	1,081	1,131
Discouraged workers ²	861	1,282	504	830	357	452
Other persons marginally attached to the labor force ³	1,462	1,249	738	570	725	679
MULTIPLE JOBHOLDERS						
Total multiple jobholders ⁴	7,222	6,816	3,461	3,202	3,761	3,614
Percent of total employed	5.2	4.9	4.7	4.4	5.7	5.5
Primary job full time, secondary job part time	3,864	3,573	2,062	1,855	1,802	1,718
Primary and secondary jobs both part time	1,899	1,891	617	629	1,282	1,262
Primary and secondary jobs both full time	228	206	142	135	86	71
Hours vary on primary or secondary job	1,170	1,113	603	564	567	549

¹ Data refer to persons who want a job, have searched for work during the prior 12 months, and were available to take a job during the reference week, but had not looked for work in the past 4 weeks.

NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data.

² Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for reasons such as thinks no work available, could not find work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

³ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well as a number for whom reason for nonparticipation was not determined.

⁴ Includes a small number of persons who work part time on their primary job and full time on their secondary job(s), not shown separately.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail [In thousands]

				I	1				
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Change from: Oct. 2010 Nov. 2010
otal nonfarm	130,969	130,628	131,594	131,811	129,697	130,328	130,500	130,539	39
Total private	107,974	108,554	108,959	109,060	107,190	108,068	108,228	108,278	50
Goods-producing	18,177	18,364	18,353	18,239	17,960	18,038	18,041	18,026	-15
Mining and logging	682	758	770	771	676	749	760	763	3
Logging	48.9	49.2	49.1	48.2	47.2	47.2	46.9	46.8	-0.1
Mining	633.2	708.8	720.5	722.6	628.4	701.8	712.7	716.6	3.9
Oil and gas extraction	160.6	167.4	169.4	168.0	160.2	167.8	169.8	167.8	-2.0
Mining, except oil and gas ¹	209.7	222.7	223.1	222.4	207.2	217.3	218.8	219.2	0.4
Coal mining	79.4	84.4	84.9	84.6	79.3	84.1	84.8	84.2	-0.6
Support activities for mining	262.9	318.7	328.0	332.2	261.0	316.7	324.1	329.6	5.5
Construction	5,868	5,846	5,847	5,752	5,732	5,617	5,620	5,615	-5
Construction of buildings	1,320.6	1,298.4	1,292.7	1,280.1	1,295.9	1,262.3	1,256.8	1,257.0	0.2
Residential building	615.4	594.6	589.5	584.2	602.6	574.9	570.8	571.3	0.5
Nonresidential building	705.2	703.8	703.2	695.9	693.3	687.4	686.0	685.7	-0.3
Heavy and civil engineering construction	838.3	889.8	892.8	862.9	808.7	827.2	831.2	832.5	1.3
Specialty trade contractors	3,709.0	3,657.5	3,661.1	3,608.7	3,627.6	3,527.9	3,532.3	3,525.5	-6.8
Residential specialty trade contractors	1,600.7	1,587.3	1,577.2	1,552.4	1,566.6	1,522.0	1,518.6	1,518.9	0.3
Nonresidential specialty trade contractors	2,108.3	2,070.2	2,083.9	2,056.3	2,061.0	2,005.9	2,013.7	2,006.6	-7.1
Manufacturing	11,627	11,760	11,736	11,716	11,552	11,672	11,661	11,648	-13
Durable goods	7,099	7,225	7,222	7,224	7,047	7,185	7,181	7,176	-5
Wood products	351.1	350.6	345.7	346.4	348.6	344.8	343.7	344.3	0.6
Nonmetallic mineral products	388.8	394.1	391.5	385.9	382.6	383.8	383.2	380.5	-2.7
Primary metals	353.3	376.4	376.1	375.6	350.8	374.8	374.4	374.2	-0.2
Fabricated metal products	1,279.0	1,332.0	1,334.4	1,333.1	1,268.0	1,321.0	1,320.7	1,321.7	1.0
Machinery	984.0	1,001.0	1,008.4	1,009.7	975.9	1,000.8	1,001.9	1,003.6	1.7
Computer and electronic products ¹	1,101.2	1,101.9	1,101.9	1,106.5	1,097.9	1,103.4	1,102.2	1,102.9	0.7
Computer and peripheral equipment	160.1	161.5	162.3	163.2	159.5	161.3	162.0	161.9	-0.1
Communication equipment	118.5	122.1	123.3	123.3	118.3	122.6	123.3	123.2	-0.1
Semiconductors and electronic components	362.3	368.7	368.4	368.7	360.8	368.6	368.1	367.6	-0.5
Electronic instruments	411.7	405.2	403.1	405.8	411.4	406.0	403.8	405.2	1.4
Electrical equipment and appliances	364.8	375.0	375.3	374.2	363.4	373.7	374.3	373.0	-1.3
Transportation equipment ¹	1,328.9	1,357.9	1,351.8	1,356.3	1,318.0	1,349.1	1,348.6	1,346.9	-1.7
Motor vehicles and parts ²	663.0	690.7	687.1	690.9	653.3	683.0	684.2	682.7	-1.5
Furniture and related products	366.9	359.4	356.9	354.0	365.8	357.3	355.9	353.5	-2.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	581.2	576.2	579.6	581.9	576.1	576.2	575.9	575.5	-0.4
Nondurable goods	4,528	4,535	4,514	4,492	4,505	4,487	4,480	4,472	-8
Food manufacturing	1,471.4	1,488.3	1,471.1	1,459.2	1,457.4	1,454.2	1,448.5	1,447.7	-0.8
Beverages and tobacco products	185.4	188.0	189.1	183.0	185.3	182.9	184.7	183.0	-1.7
Textile mills	123.8	123.1	123.8	124.2	122.5	122.8	123.2	123.1	-0.1
Textile product mills	124.7	122.0	121.5	119.9	122.8	121.5	120.0	118.6	-1.4
Apparel	162.7	165.6	164.0	162.5	164.0	163.2	164.0	163.2	-0.8
Leather and allied products	28.1	29.5	30.1	29.8	28.4	29.2	29.7	29.8	0.1
Paper and paper products Printing and related support activities	399.6	398.6 491.3	398.1 490.5	396.8	398.5 501.4	397.8 490.0	397.5 488.8	395.9 488.8	-1.6
Petroleum and coal products	505.9 115.6	115.7	117.2	492.1 115.6	115.2	113.4	114.7	114.9	0.0
Chemicals	794.7	776.0	773.4	774.0	794.7	777.7	775.3	773.4	-1.9
Plastics and rubber products	616.4	636.9	635.0	635.3	614.8	634.3	633.1	633.7	0.6
Private service-providing	89,797	90,190	90,606	90,821	89,230	90,030	90,187	90,252	65
Trade, transportation, and utilities	25,111	24,750	24,916	25,235	24,678	24,795	24,819	24,806	-13
Wholesale trade	5,593.8	5,603.5	5,626.2	5,635.2	5,568.3	5,593.9	5,603.9	5,608.6	4.7
Durable goods	2,782.2	2,784.8	2,794.4	2,800.4	2,775.0	2,781.3	2,785.7	2,790.8	5.1
Nondurable goods	1,989.9	1,976.1	1,986.4	1,989.2	1,975.4	1,973.2	1,976.3	1,974.3	-2.0
Electronic markets and agents and brokers	821.7	842.6	845.4	845.6	817.9	839.4	841.9	843.5	1.6
_									
Retail trade Motor vehicle and parts dealers ¹	14,736.4 1,616.2	14,351.2 1,654.2	14,483.0 1,654.9	14,783.8 1,649.1	14,374.5 1,620.4	14,444.9 1,640.4	14,457.9 1,647.6	14,429.8 1,652.2	-28.1 4.6
Automobile dealers	1,005.7	1,028.6	1,030.6	1,029.6	1,020.4	1,040.4	1,047.6	1,031.0	4.0
Furniture and home furnishings stores	457.0	435.3	449.8	455.8	438.6	440.3	443.4	438.6	-4.8

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail — Continued

[In thousands]

Industry Retail trade - Continued Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden supply stores Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores¹ Department stores. Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Truck transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation. Pipeline transportation.	Nov. 2009 495.5 1,129.6 2,831.2 987.4 822.2 1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5 432.4 41.8	Sept. 2010 479.6 1,132.4 2,800.2 964.2 826.6 1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1 1,265.4	Oct. 2010 ^p 493.9 1,123.8 2,812.7 969.4 820.6 1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0 222.6	Nov. 2010 ^p 510.8 1,114.6 2,830.9 981.5 815.8 1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5 452.5	Nov. 2009 477.2 1,142.9 2,808.5 979.1 823.5 1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1 4,175.8	Sept. 2010 486.5 1,141.1 2,808.9 971.4 820.6 1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9 4,204.3	Oct. 2010 ^p 491.1 1,136.5 2,808.1 972.4 818.2 1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	Nov. 2010 ^p 491.1 1,133.3 2,806.3 972.3 817.2 1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6 421.1	Chan from Oct. 20 Nov. 20 03101113148101010101101111111111
Electronics and appliance stores Building material and garden supply stores Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores ¹ Department stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation	1,129.6 2,831.2 987.4 822.2 1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	1,132.4 2,800.2 964.2 826.6 1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	1,123.8 2,812.7 969.4 820.6 1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	1,114.6 2,830.9 981.5 815.8 1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8	1,142.9 2,808.5 979.1 823.5 1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	1,141.1 2,808.9 971.4 820.6 1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	1,136.5 2,808.1 972.4 818.2 1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	1,133.3 2,806.3 972.3 817.2 1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-3. -1. -0. -1. -1. -3. -14. -8.
Building material and garden supply stores Food and beverage stores Health and personal care stores Gasoline stations Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores¹ Department stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	1,129.6 2,831.2 987.4 822.2 1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	1,132.4 2,800.2 964.2 826.6 1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	1,123.8 2,812.7 969.4 820.6 1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	1,114.6 2,830.9 981.5 815.8 1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8	1,142.9 2,808.5 979.1 823.5 1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	1,141.1 2,808.9 971.4 820.6 1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	1,136.5 2,808.1 972.4 818.2 1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	1,133.3 2,806.3 972.3 817.2 1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-3. -1. -0. -1. -1. -3. -14. -8.
Food and beverage stores. Health and personal care stores. Gasoline stations. Clothing and clothing accessories stores. Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores. General merchandise stores ¹ Department stores. Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	2,831.2 987.4 822.2 1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	2,800.2 964.2 826.6 1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	2,812.7 969.4 820.6 1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	2,830.9 981.5 815.8 1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	2,808.5 979.1 823.5 1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	2,808.9 971.4 820.6 1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	2,808.1 972.4 818.2 1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	2,806.3 972.3 817.2 1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-1. -0. -1. -1. -3. -14. -8.
Health and personal care stores. Gasoline stations. Clothing and clothing accessories stores. Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores. General merchandise stores¹ Department stores. Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	987.4 822.2 1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	964.2 826.6 1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	969.4 820.6 1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	981.5 815.8 1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	979.1 823.5 1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	971.4 820.6 1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	972.4 818.2 1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	972.3 817.2 1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-0 -1 -1 -3 -14 -8 -1
Gasoline stations. Clothing and clothing accessories stores. Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores. General merchandise stores ¹ Department stores. Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	822.2 1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	826.6 1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	820.6 1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	815.8 1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	823.5 1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	820.6 1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	818.2 1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	817.2 1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-1 -1 -3 -14 -8 -1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores General merchandise stores¹ Department stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Water transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation.	1,443.7 637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5 432.4	1,367.9 604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	1,398.2 606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	1,480.4 625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	1,363.1 604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	1,393.8 604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	1,398.4 600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	1,396.8 596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-1 -3 -14 -8
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	637.9 3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	604.4 2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	606.5 2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	625.8 3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	604.7 2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	604.4 2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	600.5 2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	596.9 2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-3 -14 -8 -1
Stores General merchandise stores¹ Department stores Miscellaneous store retailers Nonstore retailers Transportation and warehousing Air transportation Rail transportation Water transportation Truck transportation Transit and ground passenger transportation	3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-14 -8 -1
General merchandise stores¹ Department stores. Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	3,080.3 1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	2,900.3 1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	2,943.1 1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	3,083.9 1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	2,928.1 1,464.3 773.3 415.1	2,949.9 1,488.9 766.7 420.9	2,949.9 1,487.9 770.4 421.4	2,935.4 1,479.1 768.6	-14 -8 -1
Department stores. Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	1,576.8 789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	1,452.1 765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	1,480.0 778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	1,588.1 785.4 449.8 4,265.5	1,464.3 773.3 415.1	1,488.9 766.7 420.9	1,487.9 770.4 421.4	1,479.1 768.6	-8 -1
Miscellaneous store retailers. Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	789.7 445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	765.5 420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	778.5 431.6 4,254.3 455.0	785.4 449.8 4,265.5	773.3 415.1	766.7 420.9	770.4 421.4	768.6	-1
Nonstore retailers. Transportation and warehousing. Air transportation. Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	445.7 4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5 432.4	420.6 4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	431.6 4,254.3 455.0	449.8 4,265.5	415.1	420.9	421.4	l	
Transportation and warehousing	4,221.7 452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5	4,244.8 455.5 222.4 65.1	4,254.3 455.0	4,265.5					
Air transportation. Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	452.5 214.2 62.3 1,255.5 432.4	455.5 222.4 65.1	455.0	· '	4,1/5.8	4.204.3		1	l
Rail transportation. Water transportation. Truck transportation. Transit and ground passenger transportation.	214.2 62.3 1,255.5 432.4	222.4 65.1		452.5	4547		4,205.0	4,216.6	11
Water transportation	62.3 1,255.5 432.4	65.1	222.6		454.7	453.9	453.8	453.0	-0
Truck transportation	1,255.5 432.4	l	05.4	222.7	213.2	221.3	222.1	222.1	
Transit and ground passenger transportation	432.4	1,265.4	65.4	63.8	63.0	63.8	64.7	64.5	-0
transportation		I	1,264.6	1,257.1	1,243.3	1,242.1	1,243.1	1,244.5	1
Pinalina transportation	41 8	445.5	453.6	453.5	417.5	435.6	436.9	436.5	-0
		38.9	39.1	39.1	41.6	38.8	38.8	38.8	
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	24.2	34.0	29.5	26.2	27.7	28.8	29.1	29.6	
Support activities for transportation	542.1	547.1	550.6	546.3	539.0	546.2	546.6	544.1	-2
Couriers and messengers	550.8	522.4	521.0	543.5	542.7	527.4	523.2	534.4	11
Warehousing and storage	645.9	648.5	652.9	660.8	633.1	646.4	646.7	649.1	2
Utilities	559.2	550.2	552.4	550.9	559.8	551.6	552.6	551.4	-1
Information	2,770	2,707	2,711	2,728	2,762	2,717	2,716	2,717	1
Publishing industries, except Internet	773.9	759.3	759.9	762.9	770.7	760.3	759.7	759.2	-0
Motion picture and sound recording	770.5	755.6	755.5	702.0	770.7	700.0	755.7	700.2	`
industries	352.5	351.8	348.0	354.2	350.6	355.5	351.6	351.7	
Broadcasting, except Internet	297.6	297.3	299.0	300.2	295.5	297.8	298.1	298.1	
Telecommunications	962.5	913.5	918.4	923.2	961.4	916.7	919.5	920.6	1
Data processing, hosting and related services	248.6	243.4	244.3	245.7	248.3	245.1	245.1	245.1	
Other information services	135.2	141.4	141.5	142.2	135.4	141.7	141.8	142.2	
Financial activities	7,662	7,588	7,586	7,571	7,666	7,582	7,582	7,573	-9
Finance and insurance	5,699.9	5,639.8	5,648.4	5,647.9	5,699.6	5,649.0	5,649.2	5,645.7	-3
Monetary authorities - central bank	21.0	21.4	21.3	21.6	21.1	21.4	21.4	21.6	(
Credit intermediation and related									
activities ¹	2,569.4	2,563.7	2,573.8	2,571.2	2,573.1	2,570.3	2,575.1	2,573.7	-1
Depository credit intermediation ¹	1,749.3	1,756.3	1,764.5	1,763.2	1,750.9	1,760.1	1,765.8	1,764.8	-1
Commercial banking	1,309.8	1,317.0	1,322.9	1,320.9	1,311.4	1,319.0	1,323.4	1,322.3	-1
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	797.1	799.6	796.9	799.0	795.1	800.8	796.5	797.4	
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,226.0	2,170.4	2,171.0	2,170.8	2,223.7	2,171.6	2,171.2	2,167.8	-3
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	86.4	84.7	85.4	85.3	86.6	84.9	85.0	85.2	
Real estate and rental and leasing	1,961.6	1,948.0	1,938.0	1,923.0	1,966.8	1,933.3	1,932.4	1,927.5	-4
Real estate	1,406.1	1,387.6	1,383.7	1,378.4	1,405.6	1,379.7	1,378.8	1,376.5	-2
Rental and leasing services	530.2	536.5	530.0	520.3	535.7	529.7	529.2	526.7	-2
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	25.3	23.9	24.3	24.3	25.5	23.9	24.4	24.3	-0
Professional and business services	16,621	16,843	16,994	17,023	16,466	16,758	16,808	16,861	53
Professional and technical services ¹	7,423.3	7,337.7	7,403.4	7,431.9	7,433.3	7,420.4	7,429.8	7,437.2	7
Legal services	1,106.5	1,104.3	1,107.6	1,106.6	1,106.2	1,107.6	1,107.2	1,106.1	-1
Accounting and bookkeeping services	861.1	806.0	812.9	821.8	918.4	882.9	877.8	876.2	-1
Architectural and engineering services Computer systems design and related	1,297.2	1,279.9	1,284.3	1,286.1	1,289.6	1,276.9	1,275.6	1,278.2	2
services	1,441.6	1,460.8	1,480.9	1,484.0	1,431.3	1,463.1	1,472.4	1,473.3	
Management and technical consulting services	1,002.5	990.7	1,005.6	1,012.2	990.6	992.6	996.3	1,000.0	3
Management of companies and enterprises	1,826.6	1,836.3	1,834.2	1,834.3	1,824.9	1,835.5	1,833.3	1,833.1	-0
Administrative and waste services	7,371.0	7,668.6	7,756.4	7,757.2	7,207.3	7,501.9	7,544.5	7,591.1	46

See footnotes at end of table.

Table B-1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector and selected industry detail

— Continued

[In thousands]

		Not season	ally adjusted			Sea	asonally adjus	sted	
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Change from: Oct. 2010- Nov. 2010 ^p
Administrative and waste services - Continued									
Administrative and support services ¹	7,017.9	7,307.8	7,397.5	7,401.1	6,856.5	7,145.5	7,189.2	7,236.6	47.4
Employment services ¹	2,643.2	2,904.5	2,983.1	3,022.0	2,515.8	2,821.5	2,851.6	2,896.4	44.8
Temporary help services	1,966.2	2,210.9	2,293.0	2,322.3	1,861.3	2,143.8	2,178.5	2,218.0	39.5
Business support services	827.7	788.5	810.1	819.3	813.4	798.2	800.9	801.6	0.7
Services to buildings and dwellings	1,743.6	1,804.7	1,783.5	1,740.5	1,726.8	1,732.0	1,730.8	1,725.5	-5.3
Waste management and remediation services.	353.1	360.8	358.9	356.1	350.8	356.4	355.3	354.5	-0.8
Education and health services	19,543	19,542	19,859	19,945	19,313	19,625	19,689	19,719	30
Educational services	3,275.8	3,091.9	3,322.1	3,354.2	3,092.7	3,146.6	3,170.9	3,177.1	6.2
Health care and social assistance	16,267.4	16,450.5	16,537.2	16,591.2	16,220.7	16,478.5	16,518.4	16,541.5	23.1
Health care ³	13,651.7	13,804.2	13,859.5	13,900.5	13,622.9	13,822.2	13,851.1	13,870.3	19.2
Ambulatory health care services ¹	5,844.7	5,949.5	5,986.6	6,003.0	5,830.3	5,962.0	5,979.4	5,986.8	7.4
Offices of physicians	2,304.9	2,319.9	2,332.3	2,335.6	2,298.1	2,326.0	2,329.2	2,328.7	-0.5
Outpatient care centers	546.1	556.1	560.8	562.2	544.4	557.0	559.9	560.6	0.7
Home health care services	1,049.5	1,078.1	1,085.4	1,093.0	1,046.1	1,079.8	1,083.8	1,087.9	4.1
Hospitals	4,697.6	4,719.4	4,729.1	4,743.8	4,690.4	4,722.9	4,728.6	4,736.6	8.0
Nursing and residential care facilities ¹	3,109.4	3,135.3	3,143.8	3,153.7	3,102.2	3,137.3	3,143.1	3,146.9	3.8
Nursing care facilities	1,655.3	1,662.0	1,664.0	1,671.6	1,649.7	1,661.3	1,663.7	1,666.1	2.4
Social assistance ¹	2,615.7	2,646.3	2,677.7	2,690.7	2,597.8	2,656.3	2,667.3	2,671.2	3.9
Child day care services	874.8	867.1	881.1	886.5	859.6	868.0	870.4	870.8	0.4
Leisure and hospitality	12,788	13,391	13,129	12,930	13,024	13,173	13,163	13,174	11
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,755.8	2,001.4	1,855.9	1,748.9	1,895.7	1,917.4	1,894.7	1,893.9	-0.8
Performing arts and spectator sports	381.1	450.2	410.7	402.7	393.2	423.6	407.9	417.0	9.1
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	124.7	131.1	127.7	123.1	129.1	128.4	127.4	127.7	0.3
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,250.0	1,420.1	1,317.5	1,223.1	1,373.4	1,365.4	1,359.4	1,349.2	-10.2
Accommodation and food services	11,032.3	11,389.6	11,273.2	11,180.6	11,128.2	11,255.9	11,268.7	11,279.9	11.2
Accommodation	1,691.1	1,799.3	1,741.4	1,703.8	1,735.0	1,761.6	1,752.0	1,751.5	-0.5
Food services and drinking places	9,341.2	9,590.3	9,531.8	9,476.8	9,393.2	9,494.3	9,516.7	9,528.4	11.7
Other services	5,302	5,369	5,411	5,389	5,321	5,380	5,410	5,402	-8
Repair and maintenance	1,137.2	1,155.9	1,159.1	1,149.1	1,141.3	1,152.7	1,157.2	1,153.5	-3.7
Personal and laundry services	1,268.0	1,269.8	1,278.6	1,276.1	1,270.8	1,271.8	1,281.6	1,278.7	-2.9
Membership associations and organizations	2,896.5	2,942.9	2,972.9	2,964.2	2,908.7	2,955.1	2,970.8	2,970.2	-0.6
Government	22,995	22,074	22,635	22,751	22,507	22,260	22,272	22,261	-11
Federal	2,825.0	2,853.0	2,840.0	2,831.0	2,833.0	2,843.0	2,835.0	2,837.0	2.0
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	2,143.6	2,206.9	2,189.7	2,188.1	2,150.4	2,194.2	2,190.1	2,194.9	4.8
U.S. Postal Service	680.9	646.5	650.4	642.8	682.8	648.4	644.9	641.7	-3.2
State government	5,348.0	5,178.0	5,333.0	5,358.0	5,172.0	5,170.0	5,182.0	5,183.0	1.0
State government education	2,565.3	2,426.1	2,587.4	2,614.0	2,378.0	2,415.4	2,427.8	2,428.0	0.2
State government, excluding education	2,782.4	2,752.3	2,745.9	2,743.7	2,793.6	2,754.9	2,754.1	2,754.6	0.5
Local government	14,822.0	14,043.0	14,462.0	14,562.0	14,502.0	14,247.0	14,255.0	14,241.0	-14.0
Local government education	8,419.8	7,686.5	8,156.9	8,272.9	8,054.1	7,893.4	7,914.6	7,910.4	-4.2
	6,402.3	6,356.3	6,305.3	6,289.1	6,448.0	6,353.4	6,340.5	6,330.5	-10.0

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately.

² Includes motor vehicles, motor vehicle bodies and trailers, and motor vehicle parts.

³ Includes ambulatory health care services, hospitals, and nursing and residential care facilities.

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Table B-2. Average weekly hours and overtime of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private	33.9	34.2	34.3	34.3
Goods-producing	38.9	39.6	39.7	39.7
Mining and logging	42.2	43.2	43.1	42.9
Construction	37.2	37.8	38.0	37.9
Manufacturing	39.6	40.2	40.3	40.3
Durable goods	39.8	40.4	40.5	40.6
Nondurable goods	39.2	39.8	39.9	39.8
Private service-providing	32.8	33.2	33.3	33.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	34.0	34.2	34.4	34.4
Wholesale trade	37.7	38.5	38.5	38.5
Retail trade	31.2	31.1	31.3	31.3
Transportation and warehousing	38.0	38.4	38.7	38.8
Utilities	41.0	41.4	42.0	41.7
Information	36.5	36.8	36.8	36.9
Financial activities	36.7	37.1	37.1	37.2
Professional and business services	35.1	35.6	35.7	35.7
Education and health services	32.7	33.0	33.0	33.0
Leisure and hospitality	25.5	25.8	25.9	25.9
Other services	31.3	32.0	31.9	31.9
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing	2.6	3.0	3.1	3.1
Durable goods	2.5	2.9	2.9	3.1
Nondurable goods	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.1

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Table B-3. Average hourly and weekly earnings of all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

		Average hou	urly earnings	3	,	Average wee	ekly earnings	S
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
Total private	\$22.39	\$22.68	\$22.74	\$22.75	\$ 759.02	\$ 775.66	\$ 779.98	\$ 780.33
Goods-producing	23.89	24.13	24.17	24.14	929.32	955.55	959.55	958.36
Mining and logging	26.84	27.91	27.72	27.36	1,132.65	1,205.71	1,194.73	1,173.74
Construction	25.07	25.21	25.26	25.30	932.60	952.94	959.88	958.87
Manufacturing	23.16	23.37	23.42	23.39	917.14	939.47	943.83	942.62
Durable goods	24.73	24.84	24.87	24.86	984.25	1,003.54	1,007.24	1,009.32
Nondurable goods	20.67	20.99	21.06	20.98	810.26	835.40	840.29	835.00
Private service-providing	22.03	22.34	22.39	22.42	722.58	741.69	745.59	746.59
Trade, transportation, and utilities	19.52	19.87	19.90	19.91	663.68	679.55	684.56	684.90
Wholesale trade	25.86	26.31	26.38	26.45	974.92	1,012.94	1,015.63	1,018.33
Retail trade	15.46	15.63	15.66	15.67	482.35	486.09	490.16	490.47
Transportation and warehousing	20.66	21.18	21.18	21.18	785.08	813.31	819.67	821.78
Utilities	33.08	33.11	33.21	32.90	1,356.28	1,370.75	1,394.82	1,371.93
Information	29.94	30.98	31.18	31.36	1,092.81	1,140.06	1,147.42	1,157.18
Financial activities	26.77	27.21	27.27	27.28	982.46	1,009.49	1,011.72	1,014.82
Professional and business services	27.11	27.39	27.45	27.50	951.56	975.08	979.97	981.75
Education and health services	22.53	22.97	23.05	23.02	736.73	758.01	760.65	759.66
Leisure and hospitality	13.14	13.08	13.10	13.09	335.07	337.46	339.29	339.03
Other services	20.02	19.92	20.05	20.17	626.63	637.44	639.60	643.42

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Table B-4. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for all employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

[2007=100]

	Ir	ndex of ag	gregate we	ekly hours	s ¹	Index of aggregate weekly payrolls ²				
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Oct. 2010- Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Oct. 2010 - Nov. 2010 ^p
Total private	91.1	92.6	93.0	93.1	0.1	97.2	100.2	100.9	101.0	0.1
Goods-producing	79.6	81.4	81.6	81.5	-0.1	85.9	88.8	89.1	89.0	-0.1
Mining and logging	89.6	101.7	102.9	102.9	0.0	96.6	113.9	114.5	113.0	-1.3
Construction	73.5	73.2	73.6	73.3	-0.4	80.0	80.2	80.8	80.6	-0.2
Manufacturing	82.3	84.4	84.5	84.4	-0.1	88.6	91.7	92.1	91.9	-0.2
Durable goods	79.0	81.7	81.9	82.0	0.1	86.7	90.2	90.4	90.6	0.2
Nondurable goods	88.1	89.1	89.2	88.8	-0.4	92.4	94.9	95.3	94.6	-0.7
Private service-providing	94.0	96.0	96.5	96.5	0.0	100.3	103.9	104.6	104.8	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	91.2	92.2	92.8	92.7	-0.1	95.8	98.6	99.4	99.4	0.0
Wholesale trade	91.6	94.0	94.1	94.2	0.1	98.9	103.2	103.6	104.0	0.4
Retail trade	91.1	91.2	91.9	91.7	-0.2	93.1	94.3	95.1	95.0	-0.1
Transportation and warehousing	90.8	92.4	93.1	93.6	0.5	95.2	99.3	100.1	100.6	0.5
Utilities	99.3	98.8	100.4	99.5	-0.9	108.5	108.1	110.2	108.1	-1.9
Information	92.1	91.3	91.3	91.6	0.3	98.1	100.7	101.3	102.2	0.9
Financial activities	92.7	92.7	92.7	92.8	0.1	96.9	98.4	98.7	98.8	0.1
Professional and business services	90.9	93.8	94.4	94.7	0.3	99.8	104.1	105.0	105.5	0.5
Education and health services	102.8	105.4	105.7	105.9	0.2	108.5	113.4	114.2	114.2	0.0
Leisure and hospitality	94.8	97.0	97.3	97.4	0.1	100.5	102.3	102.8	102.8	0.0
Other services	92.3	95.4	95.6	95.5	-0.1	104.8	107.8	108.8	109.3	0.5

¹ The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

² The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2007 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

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Table B-5. Employment of women on nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted

	Women employees (in thousands)				Percent of all employees				
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	
Total nonfarm	64,736	64,659	64,725	64,711	49.9	49.6	49.6	49.6	
Total private	51,896	52,005	52,067	52,083	48.4	48.1	48.1	48.1	
Goods-producing	4,163	4,128	4,111	4,107	23.2	22.9	22.8	22.8	
Mining and logging	98	103	103	104	14.5	13.8	13.6	13.6	
Construction	765	728	725	724	13.3	13.0	12.9	12.9	
Manufacturing	3,300	3,297	3,283	3,279	28.6	28.2	28.2	28.2	
Durable goods	1,744	1,744	1,733	1,731	24.7	24.3	24.1	24.1	
Nondurable goods	1,556	1,553	1,550	1,548	34.5	34.6	34.6	34.6	
Private service-providing	47,733	47,877	47,956	47,976	53.5	53.2	53.2	53.2	
Trade, transportation, and utilities	10,089	10,023	10,027	10,000	40.9	40.4	40.4	40.3	
Wholesale trade	1,685.9	1,681.8	1,686.5	1,690.0	30.3	30.1	30.1	30.1	
Retail trade	7,260.6	7,207.6	7,211.0	7,188.1	50.5	49.9	49.9	49.8	
Transportation and warehousing	1,002.7	1,001.0	997.9	990.7	24.0	23.8	23.7	23.5	
Utilities	139.6	132.3	131.7	130.9	24.9	24.0	23.8	23.7	
Information	1,139	1,105	1,104	1,109	41.2	40.7	40.6	40.8	
Financial activities	4,546	4,458	4,451	4,444	59.3	58.8	58.7	58.7	
Professional and business services	7,390	7,447	7,469	7,489	44.9	44.4	44.4	44.4	
Education and health services	14,940	15,134	15,179	15,201	77.4	77.1	77.1	77.1	
Leisure and hospitality	6,828	6,880	6,880	6,888	52.4	52.2	52.3	52.3	
Other services	2,801	2,830	2,846	2,845	52.6	52.6	52.6	52.7	
Government	12,840	12,654	12,658	12,628	57.0	56.8	56.8	56.7	

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Table B-6. Employment of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

[In thousands]

Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
Total private	88,302	89,062	89,203	89,261
Goods-producing	12,936	12,986	12,993	12,993
Mining and logging	491	559	568	572
Construction	4,337	4,247	4,259	4,263
Manufacturing	8,108	8,180	8,166	8,158
Durable goods	4,816	4,920	4,913	4,915
Nondurable goods	3,292	3,260	3,253	3,243
Private service-providing	75,366	76,076	76,210	76,268
Trade, transportation, and utilities	20,876	20,972	20,990	20,971
Wholesale trade	4,481.3	4,479.9	4,484.0	4,487.2
Retail trade	12,328.8	12,425.0	12,442.3	12,417.4
Transportation and warehousing	3,618.5	3,629.6	3,626.0	3,630.8
Utilities	446.9	437.3	437.5	436.0
Information	2,200	2,183	2,183	2,183
Financial activities	5,932	5,841	5,824	5,811
Professional and business services	13,446	13,746	13,793	13,853
Education and health services	16,945	17,204	17,274	17,303
Leisure and hospitality	11,516	11,629	11,616	11,620
Other services.	4,451	4,501	4,530	4,527

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-7. Average weekly hours and overtime of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS				
Total private	33.2	33.5	33.6	33.5
Goods-producing	39.7	40.7	40.6	40.5
Mining and logging	43.0	44.6	44.3	44.6
Construction	37.8	39.0	38.8	38.6
Manufacturing	40.5	41.2	41.2	41.3
Durable goods	40.6	41.4	41.5	41.6
Nondurable goods	40.3	41.0	40.9	40.8
Private service-providing	32.1	32.3	32.4	32.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	33.0	33.4	33.5	33.4
Wholesale trade	37.6	38.2	38.1	38.0
Retail trade	30.0	30.1	30.2	30.2
Transportation and warehousing	36.4	37.6	37.7	37.8
Utilities	41.6	42.2	43.0	42.7
Information	36.7	36.2	36.4	36.5
Financial activities	36.1	36.3	36.3	36.3
Professional and business services	34.8	35.2	35.3	35.2
Education and health services	32.2	32.2	32.3	32.2
Leisure and hospitality	24.9	24.7	24.9	24.9
Other services.	30.5	30.9	30.9	30.8
AVERAGE OVERTIME HOURS				
Manufacturing	3.4	3.9	3.9	4.0
Durable goods	3.2	3.9	3.9	4.1
Nondurable goods	3.6	3.9	4.0	3.9

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-8. Average hourly and weekly earnings of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

		Average hou	urly earnings	;	,	ekly earnings	S	
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p
Total private	\$18.80	\$19.11	\$19.19	\$19.19	\$ 624.16	\$ 640.19	\$ 644.78	\$ 642.87
Goods-producing	20.02	20.34	20.41	20.43	794.79	827.84	828.65	827.42
Mining and logging	23.28	24.11	23.81	23.70	1,001.04	1,075.31	1,054.78	1,057.02
Construction	22.89	23.24	23.41	23.48	865.24	906.36	908.31	906.33
Manufacturing	18.38	18.64	18.68	18.70	744.39	767.97	769.62	772.31
Durable goods	19.55	19.81	19.84	19.89	793.73	820.13	823.36	827.42
Nondurable goods	16.66	16.86	16.90	16.85	671.40	691.26	691.21	687.48
Private service-providing	18.54	18.84	18.93	18.92	595.13	608.53	613.33	611.12
Trade, transportation, and utilities	16.65	16.96	17.05	17.04	549.45	566.46	571.18	569.14
Wholesale trade	21.16	21.66	21.86	21.80	795.62	827.41	832.87	828.40
Retail trade	13.12	13.32	13.38	13.41	393.60	400.93	404.08	404.98
Transportation and warehousing	18.94	19.19	19.23	19.19	689.42	721.54	724.97	725.38
Utilities	29.92	30.63	30.79	30.86	1,244.67	1,292.59	1,323.97	1,317.72
Information	25.68	26.00	26.13	26.20	942.46	941.20	951.13	956.30
Financial activities	21.07	21.40	21.62	21.61	760.63	776.82	784.81	784.44
Professional and business services	22.50	22.93	22.99	23.00	783.00	807.14	811.55	809.60
Education and health services	19.73	20.09	20.17	20.11	635.31	646.90	651.49	647.54
Leisure and hospitality	11.28	11.26	11.29	11.30	280.87	278.12	281.12	281.37
Other services	16.81	16.86	16.91	16.97	512.71	520.97	522.52	522.68

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

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Table B-9. Indexes of aggregate weekly hours and payrolls for production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls by industry sector, seasonally adjusted¹

[2002=100]

	Ir	ndex of ag	gregate we	ekly hour	s ²	Index of aggregate weekly payrolls ³				
Industry	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Oct. 2010 - Nov. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2009	Sept. 2010	Oct. 2010 ^p	Nov. 2010 ^p	Percent change from: Oct. 2010 - Nov. 2010 ^p
Total private	97.9	99.7	100.1	99.9	-0.2	123.0	127.3	128.4	128.1	-0.2
Goods-producing	78.5	80.8	80.6	80.4	-0.2	96.2	100.6	100.8	100.6	-0.2
Mining and logging	112.2	132.5	133.7	135.6	1.4	151.9	185.8	185.2	186.9	0.9
Construction	82.1	82.9	82.7	82.4	-0.4	101.5	104.1	104.6	104.5	-0.1
Manufacturing	75.4	77.3	77.2	77.3	0.1	90.6	94.3	94.3	94.6	0.3
Durable goods	73.5	76.5	76.6	76.8	0.3	89.7	94.6	94.9	95.4	0.5
Nondurable goods	78.2	78.8	78.4	78.0	-0.5	92.0	93.8	93.6	92.8	-0.9
Private service-providing	103.4	105.1	105.6	105.3	-0.3	131.5	135.7	137.0	136.6	-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	96.0	97.7	98.0	97.6	-0.4	114.1	118.1	119.2	118.7	-0.4
Wholesale trade	99.2	100.8	100.6	100.4	-0.2	123.7	128.6	129.6	129.0	-0.5
Retail trade	93.6	94.7	95.1	94.9	-0.2	105.3	108.1	109.1	109.1	0.0
Transportation and warehousing	99.1	102.7	102.9	103.3	0.4	119.1	125.1	125.5	125.8	0.2
Utilities	95.1	94.4	96.2	95.2	-1.0	118.8	120.7	123.7	122.7	-0.8
Information	92.2	90.2	90.7	91.0	0.3	117.2	116.1	117.3	118.0	0.6
Financial activities	102.5	101.5	101.2	100.9	-0.3	133.5	134.3	135.2	134.9	-0.2
Professional and business services	104.9	108.4	109.1	109.3	0.2	140.4	148.0	149.3	149.6	0.2
Education and health services	117.7	119.5	120.4	120.2	-0.2	152.7	157.8	159.6	158.9	-0.4
Leisure and hospitality	105.1	105.3	106.0	106.1	0.1	134.6	134.6	135.9	136.1	0.1
Other services	95.2	97.6	98.2	97.8	-0.4	116.6	119.9	121.0	120.9	-0.1

¹ Data relate to production employees in mining and logging and manufacturing, construction employees in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the service-providing industries. These groups account for approximately four-fifths of the total employment on private nonfarm payrolls.

² The indexes of aggregate weekly hours are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate hours by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate hours. Aggregate hours estimates are the product of estimates of average weekly hours and employment.

³ The indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls are calculated by dividing the current month's estimates of aggregate weekly payrolls by the corresponding 2002 annual average aggregate weekly payrolls. Aggregate payrolls estimates are the product of estimates of average hourly earnings, average weekly hours, and employment.

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